

INTRODUCTION

EAU10084

Congratulations on your purchase of the Yamaha FZ09F/FZ09FC. This model is the result of Yamaha's vast experience in the production of fine sporting, touring, and pacesetting racing machines. It represents the high degree of craftsmanship and reliability that have made Yamaha a leader in these fields.

This manual will give you an understanding of the operation, inspection, and basic maintenance of this motorcycle. If you have any questions concerning the operation or maintenance of your motorcycle, please consult a Yamaha dealer.

The design and manufacture of this Yamaha motorcycle fully comply with the emissions standards for clean air applicable at the date of manufacture. Yamaha has met these standards without reducing the performance or economy of operation of the motorcycle. To maintain these high standards, it is important that you and your Yamaha dealer pay close attention to the recommended maintenance schedules and operating instructions contained within this manual.

Yamaha continually seeks advancements in product design and quality. Therefore, while this manual contains the most current product information available at the time of printing, there may be minor discrepancies between your motorcycle and this manual. If there is any question concerning this manual, please consult a Yamaha dealer.

EWA10012

M WARNING

Please read this manual and the "YOU AND YOUR MOTORCYCLE: RIDING TIPS" booklet carefully before operating this motorcycle. Do not attempt to operate this motorcycle until you have attained adequate knowledge of its controls and operating features. Regular inspections and careful maintenance, along with good operating techniques, will help ensure that you safely enjoy the capabilities and reliability of this motorcycle.

Sealer Principalistes Sto.

12 Kamaha As

A No. to Colholation U.

EAU10134

Particularly important information is distinguished in this manual by the following notations:

⚠	This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.
▲ WARNING	A WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
NOTICE	A NOTICE indicates special precautions that must be taken to avoid damage to the vehicle or other property.
TIP Mohro	A TIP provides key information to make procedures easier or clearer.

^{*}Product and specifications are subject to change without notice.

12 kamahana

Winds of the state of the state

Motor Cortoration (

IMPORTANT MANUAL INFORMATION

EAU10194 FZ09F/FZ09FC **OWNER'S MANUAL** ©2014 by Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A. 1st edition, June 2014 All rights reserved. Any reprinting or unauthorized use without the written permission of Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A. is expressly prohibited. Printed in Japan. P/N LIT-11626-28-27

TABLE OF CONTENTS

LOCATION OF IMPORTANT LABELS 1-1
SAFETY INFORMATION 2-1
DESCRIPTION 3-1 Left view 3-1 Right view 3-2 Controls and instruments 3-3
Main switch/steering lock
Brake pedal

6	
Adjusting the shock absorber	
assembly	4-20
Luggage strap holders	4-22
Sidestand	4-22
Ignition circuit cut-off system	4-23
Auxiliary DC connector	
Section 1	
FOR YOUR SAFETY -	
PRE-OPERATION CHECKS	5-1
Phin	
OPERATION AND IMPORTANT	
RIDING POINTS	6-1
Starting the engine	
Shifting	
5, Engine break-in	6-4
Engine break-in Parking	6-4
OFRON	
PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND	
ADJUSTMENT	7-1
Owner's tool kit	7-2
Periodic maintenance chart for the	
emission control system	7-3
General maintenance and	
lubrication chart	7-5
Checking the spark plugs	
Canister (for California only)	
Engine oil and oil filter cartridge,	
Coolant	
Air filter element	
Checking the engine idling	
speed	.7-16

1/4
Checking the throttle grip free
Checking the throttle grip free, play
Valve clearance7,17
Tires7-17
Cast wheels 7-19
Adjusting the clutch lever free
play7-20
Checking the brake lever free
play7-20
Brake light switches 7-21
Checking the front and rear
brake pads7-21
Checking the brake fluid level 7-22
Changing the brake fluid
Drive chain slack
Cleaning and lubricating the drive chain
10-
Checking and lubricating the
cables
Checking and lubricating the throttle grip and cable7-26
Checking and lubricating the
brake and shift pedals7-27
Checking and lubricating the
brake and clutch levers 7-27
Checking and lubricating the
sidestand7-28
Lubricating the swingarm
Lubricating the swingarm, pivots7-28
Checking the front fork
Checking the steering
oriooning the etcomigniming

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Checking the wheel bearings7-30
Battery7-30
Replacing the fuses7-32
Replacing the headlight bulb7-34
Replacing an auxiliary light bulb7-36
Tail/brake light7-37
Replacing a turn signal light
bulb7-37
Beplacing the license plate light
00
Supporting the motorcycle7-39
Front wheel7-40
Rear wheek7-41
Troubleshooting7-43
Troubleshooting charts7-44
MOTOROVOLE CARE AND
MOTORCYCLE CARE AND
STORAGE8-1
Matte color caution8-1
Care8-1
Storage8-3
SPECIFICATIONS9-1
SECTION TO A TION OF THE SECTION OF
A)
CONSUMER INFORMATION10-1
Identification numbers10-1

YAMAHA MOTOR	
CORPORATION, U.S.A.	
2015 AND LATER MODEL	
STREET & DUAL-PURPOSE	
MOTORCYCLE LIMITED	
WARRANTY	10-7
YAMAHA EXTENDED SERVICE	
(Y.E.S.)	10-9
76r	
INDEX	11-1
h	Dalla
V y.	×0.

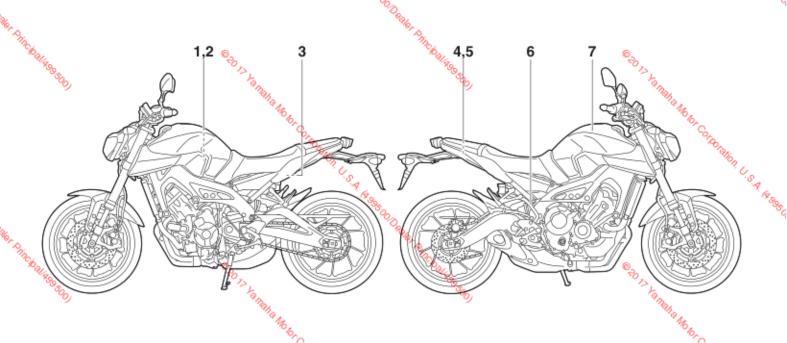
a Raha Mahr Coffer

anala La

Sallaha Me to Corto

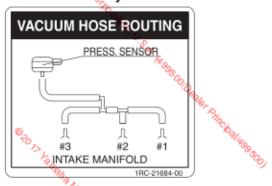
LOCATION OF IMPORTANT LABELS

Read and understand all of the labels on your vehicle. They contain important information for safe and proper operand, your vehicle. Never remove any labels from your vehicle. If a label becomes difficult to read or comes off, a replacement of the available from your Yamaha dealer.



LOCATION OF IMPORTANT LABELS

1 California only



3 🤏

TIRE INFORMATION

Cold tire normal pressure should be set as follows.

. Up to 90 kg (198 lbs) load

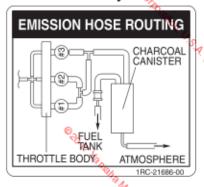
FRONT : 250 kPa, (2.50 kgf/cm²), 36 psi REAR : 290 kPa, (2.90 kgf/cm²), 42 psi

• 90kg (198 lbs) - maximum load

FRONT : 250 kPa, (2.50 kgf/cm²), 36 psi REAR : 290 kPa, (2.90 kgf/cm²), 42 psi

148-21668-00

2 California only



4

A WARNING

Improper loading can cause loss of control. Read owner's manual for proper loading.

319-28446-A1

5

LOAD LIMIT
3 kg {7 lbs}

Molor C

OC

Of Ro Rallo,

6

AWARNING

This unit contains high pressure nitrogen gas. Mishandling can cause explosion.

- · Read owner's manual for instructions.
- . Do not incinerate, puncture or open.

4AA-22259-80

7

WARNING

- BEFORE YOU OPERATE THIS VEHICLE, READ THE OWNER'S MANUAL AND ALL LABELS.
- ALWAYS WEAR AN APPROVED MOTORCYCLE HELMET, eye protection, and protective clothing.

PREMIUM UNLEADED GASOLINE ONLY 91 Min. Pump Octane (R+M)/2

29P-2816R-00

RO12 Kama

COTODATION U.S.A. MASS.

Annebal 488 SQ

Corporation U.S.

12 Yamaha Mon

Dalfagg

EAU1028B

Be a Responsible Owner

As the vehicle's owner, you are responsible for the safe and proper operation of your motorcycle.

Motorcycles are single-track vehicles. Their safe use and operation are dependent upon the use of proper riding techniques as well as the expertise of the operator. Every operator should know the following requirements before riding this motorcycle.

He or she should:

- Obtain thorough instructions from a competent source on all aspects of motorcycle operation.
- Observe the warnings and maintenance requirements in this Owner's Manual.
- Obtain qualified training in safe and proper riding techniques.
- Obtain professional technical service as indicated in this Owner's Manual and/or when made necessary by mechanical conditions.

 Never operate a motorcycle without proper training or instruction. Take a training course. Beginners should receive training from a certified instructor. Contact an authorized motorcycle dealer to find out about the training courses nearest you.

Safe Riding

Perform the pre-operation checks each time you use the vehicle to make sure it is in safe operating condition. Failure to inspect or maintain the vehicle properly increases the possibility of an accident or equipment damage. See page 5-1 for a list of pre-operation checks.

- This motorcycle is designed to carry the operator and a passenger.
- The failure of motorists to detect and recognize motorcycles in traffic is the predominating cause of automobile/motorcycle accidents. Many accidents have been caused by an automobile driver who did not see the motorcycle. Making yourself conspicuous ap-

pears to be very effective in reducing the chance of this type of accident.

Therefore:

- Wear a brightly colored jacket.
- Use extra caution when you are approaching and passing through intersections, since intersections are the most likely places for motorcycle accidents to occur.
- Ride where other motorists can see you. Avoid riding in another motorist's blind spot.
- Never maintain a motorcycle without proper knowledge. Contact an authorized motorcycle dealer to inform you on basic motorcycle maintenance. Certain maintenance can only be carried out by certified staff.

- Many accidents involve inexperienced operators. In fact, many operators who have been involved in accidents do not even have a current motorcycle license.
 - Make sure that you are qualified and that you only lend your motorcycle to other qualified operators.
 - Know your skills and limits.
 Staying within your limits may help you to avoid an accident.
- We recommend that you practice riding your motorcycle where there is no traffic until you have become thoroughly familiar with the motorcycle and all of its controls.
- Many accidents have been caused by error of the motorcycle operator. A typical error made by the operator is veering wide on a turn due to excessive speed or undercornering (insufficient lean angle for the speed).
 - Always obey the speed limit and never travel faster than warranted by road and traffic conditions.

- Always signal before turning or changing lanes. Make sure that other motorists can see you.
- The posture of the operator and passenger is important for proper control.
 - The operator should keep both hands on the handlebar and both feet on the operator footrests during operation to maintain control of the motorcycle.
 - The passenger should always hold onto the operator, the seat strap or grab bar, if equipped, with both hands and keep both feet on the passenger footrests. Never carry a passenger unless he or she can firmly place both feet on the passenger footrests.
- Never ride under the influence of alcohol or other drugs.
- This motorcycle is designed for on-road use only. It is not suitable for off-road use.

Protective Apparel

The majority of fatalities from motorcycle accidents are the result of head injuries. The use of a safety helmet is the single most critical factor in the prevention or reduction of head injuries.

- Always wear an approved helmet.
- Wear a face shield or goggles.
 Wind in your unprotected eyes could contribute to an impairment of vision that could delay seeing a hazard.
- The use of a jacket, heavy boots, trousers, gloves, etc., is effective in preventing or reducing abrasions or lacerations.
- Never wear loose-fitting clothes, otherwise they could catch on the control levers, footrests, or wheels and cause injury or an accident.
- Always wear protective clothing that covers your legs, ankles, and feet. The engine or exhaust system become very hot during or after operation and can cause burns.
- A passenger should also observe the above precautions.

Avoid Carbon Monoxide Poisoning

All engine exhaust contains carbon monoxide, a deadly gas. Breathing carbon monoxide can cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, confusion, and eventually death.

Carbon Monoxide is a colorless, odorless, tasteless gas which may be present even if you do not see or smell any engine exhaust. Deadly levels of carbon monoxide can collect rapidly and you can quickly be overcome and unable to save yourself. Also, deadly levels of carbon monoxide can linger for hours or days in enclosed or poorly ventilated areas. If you experience any symptoms of carbon monoxide poisoning, leave the area immediately, get fresh air, and SEEK MEDICAL TREAT-MENT.

- Do not run engine indoors. Even if you try to ventilate engine exhaust with fans or open windows and doors, carbon monoxide can rapidly reach dangerous levels.
- Do not run engine in poorly ventilated or partially enclosed areas such as barns, garages, or carports.

 Do not run engine outdoors where engine exhaust can be drawn into a building through openings such as windows and doors.

Loading

Adding accessories or cargo to your motorcycle can adversely affect stability and handling if the weight distribution of the motorcycle is changed. To avoid the possibility of an accident, use extreme caution when adding cargo or accessories to your motorcycle. Use extra care when riding a motorcycle that has added cargo or accessories. Here, along with the information about accessories below, are some general guidelines to follow if loading cargo to your motorcycle:

The total weight of the operator, passenger, accessories and cargo must not exceed the maximum load limit. Operation of an overloaded vehicle could cause an accident.

Maximum load:

FZ09F 177 kg (390 lb) FZ09FC 176 kg (388 lb) When loading within this weight limit, keep the following in mind:

- Cargo and accessory weight should be kept as low and close to the motorcycle as possible. Securely pack your heaviest items as close to the center of the vehicle as possible and make sure to distribute the weight as evenly as possible on both sides of the motorcycle to minimize imbalance or instability.
- Shifting weights can create a sudden imbalance. Make sure that accessories and cargo are securely attached to the motorcycle before riding. Check accessory mounts and cargo restraints frequently.
 - Properly adjust the suspension for your load (suspension-adjustable models only), and check the condition and pressure of your tires.
 - Never attach any large or heavy items to the handlebar, front fork, or front fender. These items, including such cargo as sleeping bags, duffel bags, or

SAFETY INFORMATION

tents, can create unstable handling or a slow steering response.

 This vehicle is not designed to pull a trailer or to be attached to a sidecar.

Choosing accessories for your vehicle

Genuine Yamaha Accessories

is an important decision. Genuine Yamaha accessories, which are available only from a Yamaha dealer, have been designed, tested, and approved by Yamaha for use on your vehicle. Many companies with no connection to Yamaha manufacture parts and accessories or offer other modifications for Yamaha vehicles. Yamaha is not in a position to test the products that these aftermarket companies produce. Therefore, Yamaha can neither endorse nor recommend the use of accessories not sold by Yamaha or modifications not specifically recommended by Yamaha, even if sold and installed by a Yamaha dealer.

Aftermarket Parts, Accessories, and Modifications

While you may find aftermarket products similar in design and quality to genuine Yamaha accessories, recognize that some aftermarket accessories or modifications are not suitable because of potential safety hazards to you or others. Installing aftermarket products or having other modifications performed to your vehicle that change any of the vehicle's design or operation characteristics can put you and others at greater risk of serious injury or death. You are responsible for injuries related to changes in the vehicle. Keep the following guidelines in mind,

Keep the following guidelines in mind, as well as those provided under "Loading" when mounting accessories.

 Never install accessories or carry cargo that would impair the performance of your motorcycle. Carefully inspect the accessory before using it to make sure that it does not in any way reduce ground clearance or cornering clearance, limit suspension travel, steering travel or control operation, or obscure lights or reflectors.

- Accessories fitted to the handlebar or the front fork area can create instability due to improper weight distribution or aerodynamic changes. If accessories are added to the handlebar or front fork area, they must be as lightweight as possible and should be kept to a minimum.
- Bulky or large accessories may seriously affect the stability of the motorcycle due to aerodynamic effects. Wind may attempt to lift the motorcycle, or the motorcycle may become unstable in cross winds. These accessories may also cause instability when passing or being passed by large vehicles.
- Certain accessories can displace the operator from his or her normal riding position. This improper position limits the freedom of movement of the

- operator and may limit control ability, therefore, such accessories are not recommended.
- Use caution when adding electrical accessories. If electrical accessories exceed the capacity of the motorcycle's electrical system, an electric failure could result, which could cause a dangerous loss of lights or engine power.

Aftermarket Tires and Rims

The tires and rims that came with your motorcycle were designed to match the performance capabilities and to provide the best combination of handling, braking, and comfort. Other tires, rims, sizes, and combinations may not be appropriate. Refer to page 7-17 for tire specifications and more information on replacing your tires.

Transporting the Motorcycle

Be sure to observe following instructions before transporting the motorcycle in another vehicle.

Remove all loose items from the motorcycle.

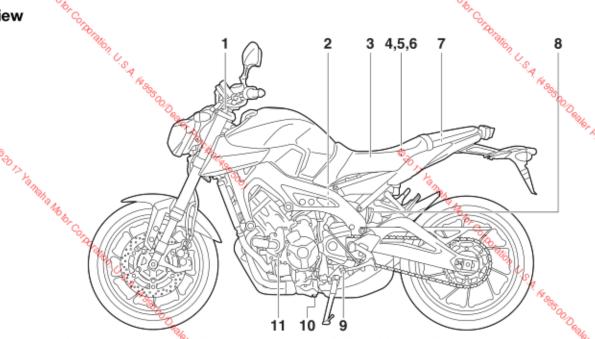
- Check that the fuel cock (if equipped) is in the "OFF" position and that there are no fuel leaks.
- Point the front wheel straight ahead on the trailer or in the truck bed, and choke it in a rail to prevent movement.
- Shift the transmission in gear (for models with a manual transmission).
- Secure the motorcycle with tiedowns or suitable straps that are attached to solid parts of the motorcycle, such as the frame or upper front fork triple clamp (and not, for example, to rubber-mounted handlebars or turn signals, or parts that could break). Choose the location for the straps carefully so the straps will not rub against painted surfaces during transport.
- The suspension should be compressed somewhat by the tiedowns, if possible, so that the motorcycle will not bounce excessively during transport.

bbr Corporation (

"SS OOD BRIEF AN

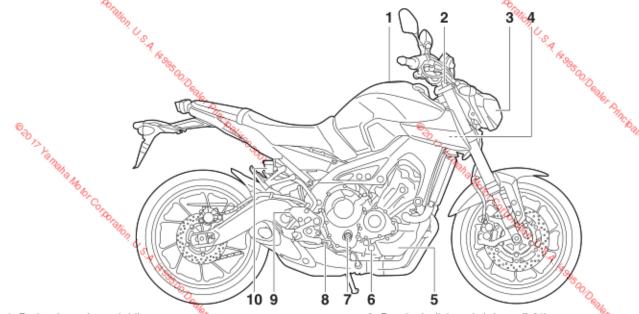
Nellon U.S.A. Messoodle

Left view



- Front fork spring preload adjusting bolt (page 4-19)
- Shock absorber assembly rebound damping force adjusting screw (page 4-20)
- 3. Seat (page 4-17)
- 4. Fuse box 2 (page 7-32)
- Main fuse (page 7,32)
- 6. Fuel injection system fuse (page 7-32)
- 7. Storage compartment (page 4-18)
- 8. Shock absorber assembly spring preload adjusting ring (page 4-20)

- 9. Shift pedal (page 4-13)
- 10.Engine oil drain bolt (page 7-10)
- 11.Coolant drain bolt (page 7-14)



- 1. Fuel tank cap (page 4-14)
- 2. Front fork rebound damping force adjusting screw (page 4-19)
- Headlight (page 7-34)

Right view

- 4. Fuse box 1 (page 7-32)
- 5. Coolant reservoir (page 7-13)
- 6. Engine oillevel check window (page 7-10)
- 7. Engine oil filler cap (page 7-10)
- 8. Brake pedal (page 4-14)

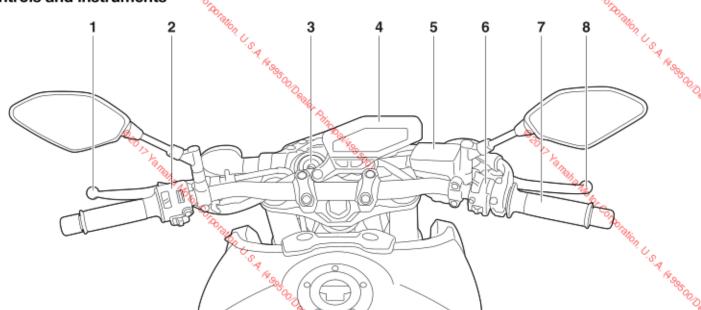
9. Rear brake light switch (page 7-21)

10.Rear brake fluid reservoir (page 7-22)

Reha Motor Con

EAU10431

Controls and instruments



- 1. Clutch lever (page 4-13)
- 2. Left handlebar switches (page 4-11)
- 3. Main switch/steering lock (page 4-1)
- 4. Multi-function meter unit (page 4-4)
- 5. Front brake fluid reservoir (page 7-22)
- 6. Right handlebar switches (page 4-11)
- 7. Throttle grip (page 7-16)
- 8. Brake lever (page 4-14)

Main switch/steering lock



The main switch/steering lock controls the ignition and lighting systems, and is used to lock the steering. The various positions are described below.

EAU583

ON

All electrical circuits are supplied with power, and the meter lighting, taillight, license plate light, auxiliary lights and position lights come on, and the engine can be started. The key cannot be removed.

TIP

The headlight comes on automatically when the engine is started and stays on until the key is turned to "OFF", eyen if the engine stalls.

OFF

All electrical systems are off. The key can be removed.

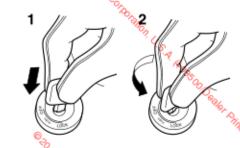
WARNING

Never turn the key to "OFF" or "LOCK" while the vehicle is moving. Otherwise the electrical systems will be switched off, which may result in loss of control or an accident.

LOCK

The steering is locked, and all electrical systems are off. The key can be removed.

To lock the steering



Push:

EAU10662

EWA10062

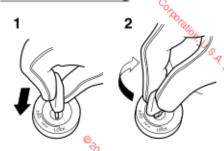
EAU10685

- 2. Turn.
 - Turn the handlebars all the way to the left.
- Push the key in from the "OFF" position, and then turn it to "LOCK" while still pushing it.
- 3. Remove the key.

CO 12 Yanahana

ECA20760

To unlock the steering



- 1. Push.
- 2. Turn.

Push the key in, and then turn it to "OFF" while still pushing it.

p∈ (Parking)

The hazard lights and turn signal lights can be turned on, but all other electrical systems are off. The key can be removed.

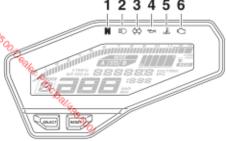
The steering must be locked before the key can be turned to "p

"."

NOTICE

Using the hazard or turn signal lights for an extended length of time may cause the battery to discharge.

Indicator lights and warning lights



- Neutral indicator light " N "
- 2. High beam indicator light "≣O"
- Turn signal indicator light "<> □ □
- Oil level warning light "⁶²√³
- 5. Coolant temperature warning light " & "
- 6. Engine trouble warning light "よる"

Turn signal indicator light "♦ ♦"

This indicator light flashes when the turn signal switch is pushed to the left or right.

Neutral indicator light "N"

This indicator light comes on when the transmission is in the neutral position.

High beam indicator light "≣⊘"

This indicator light comes on when the high beam of the headlight is switched on.

Oil level warning light "

This warning light comes on if the engine oil level is low.

EAU11255

The electrical circuit of the warning light can be checked by turning the key to "ON". The warning light should come on for a few seconds, and then go off.

If the warning light does not come on initially when the key is turned to "ON", or if the warning light remains on, have a Yamaha dealer check the electrical circuit.

TIP

EAU11021

EAU11061

- Even if the oil level is sufficient, the warning light may flicker when riding on a slope or during sudden acceleration or deceleration, but this is not a malfunction.
- This model is also equipped with a self-diagnosis device for the oil level detection circuit. If a problem

is detected in the oil level detection circuit, the following cycle will be repeated until the malfunction is corrected: The oil level warning light will flash ten times, then go off for 2.5 seconds. If this occurs, have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

EAU11447

Coolant temperature warning light "..."

This warning light comes on if the engine overheats. If this occurs, stop the engine immediately and allow the engine to cool.

The electrical circuit of the warning light can be checked by turning the key to "ON". The warning light should come on for a few seconds, and then go off.

If the warning light does not come on initially when the key is turned to "ON", or if the warning light remains on, have a Yamaha dealer check the electrical circuit.

ECA10022

NOTICE

Do not continue to operate the engine if it is overheating.

TIP.

device.)

- For radiator-fan-equipped vehicles, the radiator fan(s) automatically switch on or off according to the coolant temperature in the radiator.
- If the engine overheats, see page 7-45 for further instructions.

Engine trouble warning light "

""

This warning light comes on if a problem is detected in the electrical circuit monitoring the engine. If this occurs, have a Yamaha dealer check the selfdiagnosis system. (See page 4-10 for an explanation of the self-diagnosis

The electrical circuit of the warning light can be checked by turning the key to "ON". The warning light should come on for a few seconds, and then go off.

If the warning light does not come on initially when the key is turned to "ON", or if the warning light remains on, have a Yamaha dealer check the electrical circuit.

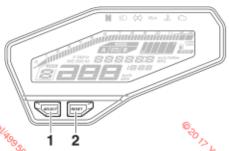
TIP

This warning light will come on when the key is turned to "ON" and the start switch is pushed, but this does not indicate a malfunction.

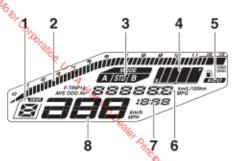
80 DA

EAU58313

Multi-function meter unit



- "SELECT" button
- 2. "RESET" button



- 1. Transmission gear display
- Tachometer
- 3. Drive mode display
- 4. Fuel meter
- 5. Eco indicator "ECO"
- 6. Multi-function display
- 7. Clock
- Speedometer

EWA12423

MARNING

Be sure to stop the vehicle before making any setting changes to the multi-function meter unit. Changing settings while riding can distract the operator and increase the risk of an accident.

The multi-function meter unit is equipped with the following:

a speedometer

- a tachometer
- a clock
- a fuel meter
- an eco indicator
- a transmission gear display
- a drive mode display
- a multi-function display

TIP

- Except when switching to the brightness control mode or to display the clock, turn the key to "ON" before using the "SELECT" and "RESET" buttons to adjust the multi-function meter.
- To switch the speedometer and multi-function displays between kilometers and miles, press the "SELECT" button for at least one second.

* A TROIT A MO TO COITE

Speedometer



Speedometer

The speedometer shows the vehicle's traveling speed.

Tachometer



- 1. Tachometer
- 2. Tachometer red zone

The tachometer allows the rider to monitor the engine speed and keep it within the ideal power range.

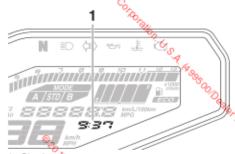
When the key is turned to "ON", the tachometer will sweep across the r/min range and then return to zero min in order to test the electrical circuit.

NOTICE

Do not operate the engine in the tachometer red zone.

Red zone: 11250 r/min and above

Clock



Clock

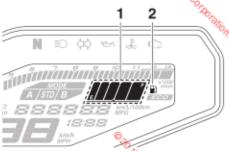
The clock uses a 12-hour time system. When the main switch is not in the "ON" position, the clock can be viewed for 10 seconds by pushing the "SE-LECT" button.

To set the clock

- Turn the key to "ON".
- Push the "SELECT" button and "RESET" button together for at least two seconds.
- When the hour digits start flashing, push the "RESET" button to set the hours.
- Push the "SELECT" button, and the minute digits will start flashing.
- Push the "RESET" button to set the minutes.
- Push the "SELECT" button and then release it to start the clock.

2012 Yaman

Fuel meter



- Fuel meter
- Fuel level warning indicator "..."

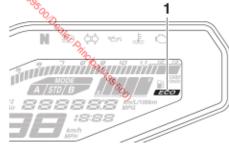
The fuel meter indicates the amount of fuel in the fuel tank. The display segments of the fuel meter disappear towards "E" (Empty) as the fuel level decreases. When the last segment and fuel level warning indicator "B" start flashing, refuel as soon as possible.

TIP

This fuel meter is equipped with a self-diagnosis system. If a problem is detected in the electrical circuit, the following cycle is repeated until the malfunction is corrected: fuel level segments and fuel level warning indicator "" flash eight times, then go

off for approximately 3 seconds. If this occurs, have a Yamaha dealer check the electrical circuit.

Eco indicator



1. Eco indicator "ECO"

This indicator comes on when the vehicle is being operated in an environmentally friendly, fuel-efficient manner. The indicator goes off when the vehicle is stopped.

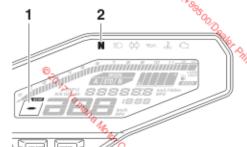
TIP

Consider the following tips to reduce fuel consumption:

- Avoid high engine speeds during acceleration.
- Travel at a constant speed.

 Select the transmission gear that is appropriate for the vehicle speed.

Transmission gear display



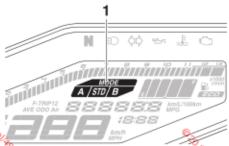
- Transmission gear display
- Neutral indicator light " N^e

This display shows the selected gear.

The neutral position is indicated by "-"
and by the neutral indicator light:

30 12 Xanaha Me.

Drive mode display



1. Drive mode display

This display indicates which drive, mode has been selected: "STD", "A" or "B". For more details on the modes and on how to select them, refer to pages 4-11 and 4-12.

Multi-function display



1. Multi-function display

The multi-function display is equipped with the following:

- an odometer
- two tripmeters (which show the distance traveled since they were last set to zero)
- a fuel reserve tripmeter (which shows the distance traveled since the left segment of the fuel meter started flashing)
- an instantaneous fuel consumption display
- an average fuel consumption display
- a coolant temperature display
- 🌯 an air intake temperature display
- an error code display

● a brightness control display
Push the "SELECT" button to switch
the display between the instantaneous
fuel consumption mode "km/L",
"L/100 km" or "MPG", average fuel
consumption mode "AVE_ _._ km/L",
"AVE_ _._ L/100 km" or "AVE_ _._
MPG", coolant temperature mode
"°F", air intake temperature mode "Air_
_ °F", odometer mode "ODO", and
tripmeter modes "TRIP 1" and "TRIP 2"
in the following order:

km/L, L/100 km or MPG $\stackrel{\triangle}{\rightarrow}$ AVE_ _._ km/L, AVE_ _._ L/100 km or $\stackrel{\triangle}{\rightarrow}$ AVE_ _._ MPG \rightarrow °F \rightarrow Air_ _ °F \rightarrow ODO $\stackrel{\triangle}{\rightarrow}$ TRIP 1 \rightarrow TRIP 2

TIP

- Push the "RESET" button to switch the display in the reverse order.
- The fuel reserve tripmeter and self-diagnosis modes come on automatically, while the brightness control mode is accessed separately.

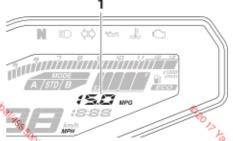
If the fuel level warning indicator """ and left segment of the fuel meter start flashing, the display automatically changes to the fuel reserve tripmeter mode "F-TRIP" and starts counting the distance traveled from that point. In that case, push the "SELECT" button to switch the display between the various tripmeter, odometer, instantaneous fuel consumption and average fuel consumption modes in the following order:

F-TRIP \rightarrow km/L, L/100 km or MPG \rightarrow AVE_ _._ km/L, AVE_ _._ L/100 km or AVE_ _._ MPG \rightarrow F- \rightarrow Air_ _ °F \rightarrow ODO \rightarrow TRIP 1 \rightarrow TRIP 2 \rightarrow F-TRIP

To reset a tripmeter, select it by pushing the "SELECT" button, and then push the "RESET" button for at least one second.

If you do not reset the fuel reserve tripmeter manually, it resets itself automatically and the display returns to the prior mode after refueling and traveling 5 km (3 mi).

Instantaneous fuel consumption mode



1. Instantaneous fuel consumption display

The instantaneous fuel consumption display can be set to either "km/L", "L/100 km" or "MPG".

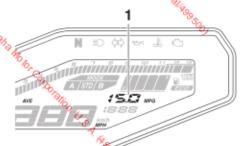
- "km/L": The distance that can be traveled on 1.0 L of fuel under the current riding conditions is shown.
- "L/100 km": The amount of fuel necessary to travel 100 km under the current riding conditions is shown.
- "MPG": The distance that can be traveled on 1.0 US gal of fuel under the current riding conditions is shown.

To switch between the instantaneous fuel consumption display settings, push the "SELECT" button for one second.

TIP

If traveling at speeds under 20 km/h (12 mi/h), "__._" is displayed.

Average fuel consumption mode



1. Average fuel consumption display

This display shows the average fuel consumption since it was last reset. The average fuel consumption display can be set to either "AVE_ __ km/L", "AVE_ _._ L/100 km" or "AVE_ _._ MPG".

- "AVE__._ km/L": The average distance that can be traveled on 1.0 L of fuel is shown.
- "AVE__:_L/100 km": The average amount of fuel necessary to travel 100 km is shown.
- "AVE__._ MPG": The average distance that can be traveled on 1.0 US gal of fuel is shown.

To switch between the average fuel consumption display settings, push the "SELECT" button for one second.

To reset the average fuel consumption, push the "RESET" button for at least one second.

TIP.

After resetting the average fuel consumption, "_ _..." will be shown until the vehicle has traveled 1 km (0.6 mi).

Coolant temperature mode



1. Coolant temperature display

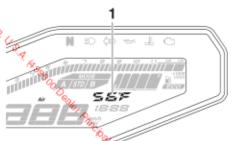
This display shows the coolant temperature from 104 °F to 242 °F in 1 °F increments.

If the message "HI" flashes, stop the vehicle, then stop the engine, and let the engine cool. (See page 7-45.)

TIP

- When the coolant temperature is below 104 °F, "LO" will be displayed.
- The coolant temperature varies with changes in the weather and engine load.

Air intake temperature mode



1. Air intake temperature display

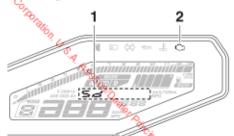
The air intake temperature display indicates the temperature of the air drawn into the air filter case.

This display shows the air intake temperature from 14 °F to 210 °F in 1 °F increments.

TIP²

- 14 F will be displayed even if the air intake temperature falls below 14 °F.
- The air intake temperature may vary from the ambient temperature.

Self-diagnosis mode



- Error code display
- Engine trouble warning light " ♣

This model is equipped with a self-diagnosis device for various electrical circuits.

If a problem is detected in any of those circuits, the engine trouble warning light will come on and the display will indicate an error code.

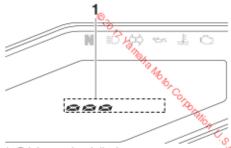
If the display indicates any error codes, note the code number, and then have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

NOTICE

If the display indicates an error code, the vehicle should be checked as soon as possible in order to avoid engine damage.

ECA11591

Brightness control mode



Brightness level display

The brightness of the multi-function meter unit panel can be adjusted to suit the rider's preference.

To adjust the brightness

1. Turn the key to "QFF".

- While pushing the "SELECT" button, turn the key to "ON" and continue pushing the button until the display switches to the brightness control mode.
- Push the "RESET" button to set the brightness level.
- Push the "SELECT" button to confirm the selected brightness level and exit the brightness control mode.

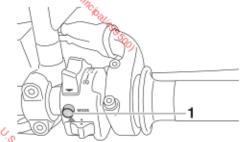
Mo tor Corpora

EAU1234H

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

D-mode (drive mode)

D-mode is an electronically controlled engine performance system with three mode selections ("STD", "A", and "B"). Push the drive mode switch "MODE" to switch between modes. (See page 4-12 for an explanation of the drive mode switch.)



1. Drive mode switch "MODE"

TIP

Before using D-mode, make sure you understand its operation along with the operation of the drive mode switch.

Mode "STD"

Mode "STD" is suitable for various riding conditions. This mode allows the rider to enjoy smooth and sporty drivability from the low-speed range to the high-speed range.

Mode "A"

EAU47634

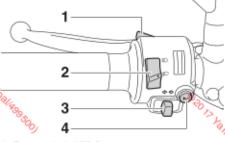
Mode "A" offers a sportier engine response in the low- to mid-speed range compared to mode "STD".

Mode "B"

Mode "B" offers response that is somewhat less sharp compared to mode "STD" for riding situations that require especially sensitive throttle operation.

Handlebar switches

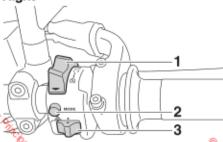
Left



- Pass switch "≣○"
- Dimmer switch "≣○/≨○"
- 4. Horn switch " "

© 30 12 kanta

Right



- Start/Engine stop switch "(♠)/()/(♥)"
- 2. Drive mode switch "MODE"
- Hazard switch "A"

EAU12351

Pass switch "≣⊘"

Press this switch to flash the headlight.

EAU12401

Dimmer switch "≣○/ €○"

Set this switch to "≣○" for the high beam and to "≦○" for the low beam.

EAU12461

Turn signal switch "<>/<>"

To signal a right-hand turn, push this switch to "⇔". To signal a left-hand turn, push this switch to "⇔". When released, the switch returns to the cen-

ter position. To cancel the turn signal lights, push the switch in after it has returned to the center position.

EAU12501

Horn switch " ₩ "."

Press this switch to sound the horn.

Start/Engine stop switch "(a)/\(\sigma\)"

To crank the engine with the starter, set this switch to "()", and then push the "(§)" side of the switch. See page 6-1 for starting instructions prior to starting the engine.

Set this switch to "X" to stop the engine in case of an emergency, such as when the vehicle overturns or when the throttle cable is stuck.

EAU41701

The engine trouble warning light will come on when the key is turned to "ON" and the start switch is pushed, but this does not indicate a malfunction.

Hazard switch "A"

With the key in the "ON" or "p∈" posttion, use this switch to turn on the hazard lights (simultaneous flashing of all turn signal lights).

The hazard lights are used in case of an emergency or to warn other drivers when your vehicle is stopped where it might be a traffic hazard.

ECA10062

NOTICE

Do not use the hazard lights for an extended length of time with the engine not running, otherwise the battery may discharge.

EAU47496

Drive mode switch "MODE"

EWA15341

M WARNING

Do not change the D-mode while the vehicle is moving.

Using this switch changes the drive mode to "STD", "A", or "B" in the following order:

 $STD \rightarrow A \rightarrow B \rightarrow STD$

 $SID \rightarrow A \rightarrow B \rightarrow SI$

EAU12872

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

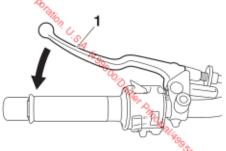
EAU12821

The throttle grip must be completely closed in order to change the drive mode. (See page 4-11 for an explanation of each drive mode.)

TIP

- The mode is set to "STD" by default. The mode resets to "STD" when the key is turned to "OFF".
- The selected mode is shown on the drive mode display. (See page 4-7.)

Clutch lever

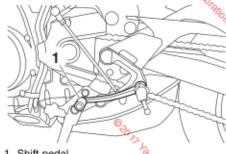


Clutch lever

The clutch lever is located at the left handlebar grip. To disengage the clutchapull the lever toward the handlebar grip. To engage the clutch, release the lever. The lever should be pulled rapidly and released slowly for smooth clutch operation.

The clutch lever is equipped with a clutch switch, which is part of the ignition circuit cut-off system, (See page 4-23.)

Shift pedal



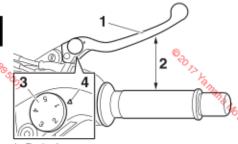
1. Shift pedal

The shift pedal is located on the left side of the motorcycle and is used in combination with the clutch lever when shifting the gears of the 6-speed constant-mesh transmission equipped on this motorcycle.

EAU26825 6

Brake lever

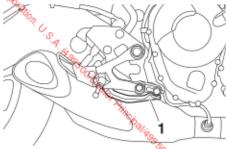
The brake lever is located on the right side of the handlebar. To apply the front brake, pull the lever toward the throttle grip.



- Brake lever
- Distance between brake lever and throttle grip
- 3. Brake lever position adjusting dial
- 4. "△" mark

The brake lever is equipped with a brake lever position adjusting dial. To adjust the distance between the brake lever and the throttle grip, turn the adjusting dial while holding the lever pushed away from the throttle grip. Make sure that the appropriate setting on the adjusting dial is aligned with the "\(\times \)" mark on the brake lever.

Brake pedal



Brake pedal

The brake pedal is located on the right side of the motorcycle. To apply the rear brake, press down on the brake pedal.

Fuel tank cap

EAU12944



EAU13075

- Unlock.
- 2. Fuel tank cap lock covers

To open the fuel tank cap

Open the fuel tank cap lock cover, insert the key into the lock, and then turn it 1/4 turn clockwise. The lock will be released and the fuel tank cap can be opened.

To close the fuel tank cap

- Push the fuel tank cap into position with the key inserted in the lock.
- Turn the key counterclockwise to the original position, remove it, and then close the lock cover.

TIP

The fuel tank cap cannot be closed unless the key is in the lock. In addition, the key cannot be removed if the cap is not properly closed and locked.

EWA11092

WARNING

Make sure that the fuel tank cap is properly closed after filling fuel. Leaking fuel is a fire hazard.

Fuel

Make sure there is sufficient gasoline in the tank.

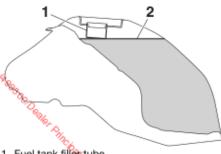
EWA10882.0

EAU13222

▲ WARNING

Gasoline and gasoline vapors are extremely flammable. To avoid fires and explosions and to reduce the risk of injury when refueling, follow these instructions.

- 1. Before refueling, turn off the engine and be sure that no one is sitting on the vehicle. Never refuel while smoking, or while in the vicinity of sparks, open flames, or other sources of ignition such as the pilot lights of water heaters and clothes dryers.
- Do not overfill the fuel tank. When refueling, be sure to insert the pump nozzle into the fuel tank filler hole. Stop filling when the fuel reaches the bottom of the filler tube. Because fuel expands when it heats up, heat from the engine or the sun can cause fuel to spill out of the fuel tank.



- Fuel tank filler tube
- 2. Maximum fuel level
- Wipe up any spilled fuel immediatelv. NOTICE: **Immediately** wipe off spilled fuel with a clean, dry, soft cloth, since fuel may deteriorate painted surfaces or plastic parts. [ECA10072]
- Be sure to securely close the fuel tank cap.

EWA15152

⚠ WARNING

Gasoline is poisonous and can cause injury or death. Handle gasoline with care. Never siphon gasoline by mouth. If you should swallow some gasoline or inhale a lot of gasoline vapor, or get some gasoline in your eyes, see your doctor immedi-

ately. If gasoline spills on your skin, wash with soap and water. If gasoline spills on your clothing, change your clothes.

gasoline of a different brand. Use of unleaded fuel will extend spark plug life and reduce maintenance costs.

Gasohol

There are two types of gasohol: gasohol containing ethanol and that containing methanol. Gasohol containing ethanol can be used if the ethanol content does not exceed 10% (E10). Gasohol containing methanol is not recommended by Yamaha because it can cause damage to the fuel system or vehicle performance problems.

**SeAU46103

Recommended fuel:

Premium unleaded gasoline (Gasohol (E10) acceptable)

Fuel tank capacity:

14.0 L (3,70 US gal, 3.08 Imp.gal)

Fuel reserve amount:

2.8 L (0.74 US gal, 0.62 Imp.gal)

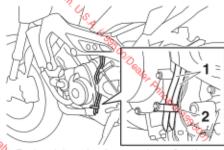
ECA11401

NOTICE

Use only unleaded gasoline. The use of leaded gasoline will cause severe damage to internal engine parts, such as the valves and piston rings, as well as to the exhaust system.

Your Yamaha engine has been designed to use premium unleaded gasoline with a pump octane number [(R+M)/2] of 91 or higher, or a research octane number of 95 or higher. If knocking (or pinging) occurs, use a

Fuel tank breather hose and overflow hose



Fuel tank breather hose and overflow hose
2. Clamp

TIP

For California: See page 7-10 for breather hose information.

Before operating the motorcycle:

- Check each hose connection.
- Check each hose for cracks or damage, and replace if necessary.
- Make sure that the end of each hose is not blocked, and clean if necessary.
- Make sure that each hose is routed through the clamp.

EAU57991

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

ECA10702

Catalytic converter

This model is equipped with a catalytic converter in the exhaust system.

EWA10863

EAU13434

WARNING

The exhaust system is hot after operation. To prevent a fire hazard or burns:

- Do not park the vehicle near possible fire hazards such as grass or other materials that easily burn.
- Park the vehicle in a place where pedestrians or children are not likely to touch the hot exhaust system.
- Make sure that the exhaust system has cooled down before doing any maintenance work.
- Do not allow the engine to idle more than a few minutes. Long idling can cause a build-up of heat.

NOTICE

Use only unleaded gasoline. The use of leaded gasoline will cause unrepairable damage to the catalytic converter.

Seat

To remove the seat

 Open the seat lock cover, insert the key into the seat lock, and then turn the key counterclockwise.



- Seat lock
- Seat lock cover
- 3. Uhlock.
- While holding the key in that position, lift the rear of the seat up, and then pull the seat off.

To install the seat

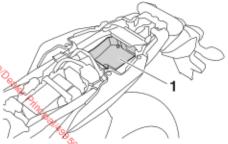
 Insert the projections into the seat holders as shown.

- 1. Projection
- 2. Seat holder
- Push the rear of the seat down to lock it in place.
- 3. Remove the key.

TIP

Make sure that the seat is properly secured before riding.

Storage compartment



1. Storage compartment

The storage compartment is located under the seat. (See page 4-17.) When storing documents or other items in the storage compartment, be sure to wrap them in a plastic bag so that they will not get wet. When washing the vehicle, be careful not to let any

water enter the storage compartment.

EAU58200

WARNING

 Do not exceed the load limit of 3 kg (7 b) for the storage compartment.

Do not exceed the maximum load of FZ09F 177 kg (390 lb) FZ09FC 176 kg (388 lb) for the vehicle.

Adjusting the front fork

EAU62450

EWA14671

WARNING

Always adjust the spring preload on both fork legs equally, otherwise poor handling and loss of stability may result.

Each front fork leg is equipped with a spring preload adjusting bolt. The right front fork leg is equipped with a rebound damping force adjusting screw.

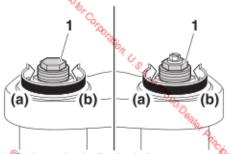
ECA101

NOTICE

To avoid damaging the mechanism, do not attempt to turn beyond the maximum or minimum settings.

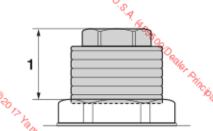
Spring preload

To increase the spring preload and thereby harden the suspension, turn the adjusting bolt on each fork leg in direction (a). To decrease the spring preload and thereby soften the suspension, turn the adjusting bolt on each fork leg in direction (b).



1. Spring preload adjusting bolt

The spring preload setting is determined by measuring distance A, shown in the illustration. The shorter distance A is, the higher the spring preload; the longer distance A is, the lower the spring preload.



Distance A[®]

Spring preload setting:

Minimum (soft):

Distance A = 19.0 mm (0.75 in) Standard:

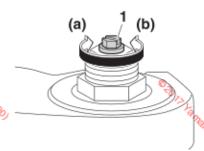
Distance A = 16.0 mm (0.63 in) Maximum (hard):

Distance A = 4.0 mm (0.16 in)

Rebound damping force

The rebound damping force is adjusted on the right front fork leg only.

for increase the rebound damping force and thereby harden the rebound damping, turn the adjusting screw in direction (a). To decrease the rebound damping force and thereby soften the rebound damping, turn the adjusting screw in direction (b).



Rebound damping force adjusting screw

Rebound damping setting:

Minimum (soft):

11 click(s) in direction (b)* Standard:

8 click(s) in direction (b)* Maximum (hard):

- 1 click(s) in direction (b)*
- * With the adjusting screw fully turned in direction (a)

TIP

Although the total number of clicks of a damping force adjusting mechanism may not exactly match the above specifications due to small differences in production, the actual number of clicks always represents the entire adjusting range. To obtain a precise adjustment, it would be advisable to check the number of clicks of each damping force adjusting mechanism and to modify the specifications as necessary.

Adjusting the shock absorber assembly

This shock absorber assembly is equipped with a spring preload adjusting ring and a rebound damping force adjusting screw.

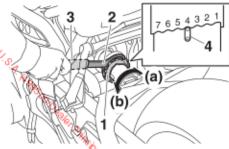
ECA10102

NOTICE

To avoid damaging the mechanism, do not attempt to turn beyond the maximum or minimum settings.

Spring preload

To increase the spring preload and thereby harden the suspension, turn the adjusting ring in direction (a). To decrease the spring preload and thereby soften the suspension, turn the adjusting ring in direction (b).



- Spring preload adjusting ring
- Special wrench
- 3. Extension bar
- 4. Position indicator
 - Align the appropriate notch in the adjusting ring with the position indicator on the shock absorber.
 - Use the special wrench and the extension bar included in the owner's tool kit to make the adjustment.

Spring preload setting:

Minimum (soft):

.

Standard:

4

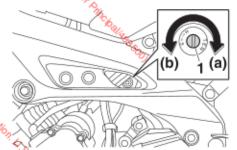
Maximum (hard):

7

O 12 yamaha Mobor

Rebound damping force

To increase the rebound damping force and thereby harden the rebound damping, turn the adjusting screw in direction (a). To decrease the rebound damping force and thereby soften the rebound damping, turn the adjusting screw in direction (b).



1. Rebound damping force adjusting screw

Rebound damping setting:

Minimum (soft):

3 turn(s) in direction (b)* Standard:

1 1/2 turn(s) in direction (b)* Maximum (hard):

Adjusting screw fully turned in direction (a)

 With the adjusting screw fully turned in direction (a)

TIP

To obtain a precise adjustment, it is advisable to check the actual total number of turns of the damping force adjusting mechanism. This adjustment range may not exactly match the specifications listed due to small differences in production.

EWA10222

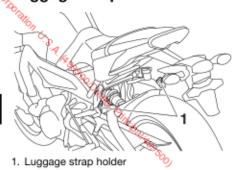
⚠ WARNING

This shock absorber assembly contains highly pressurized nitrogen gas. Read and understand the following information before handling the shock absorber assembly.

- Do not tamper with or attempt to open the cylinder assembly.
- Do not subject the shock absorber assembly to an open flame or other high heat source.
 This may cause the unit to explode due to excessive gas pressure.
- Do not deform or damage the cylinder in any way. Cylinder damage will result in poor damping performance.

Do not dispose of a damaged or worn-out shock absorber assembly yourself. Take the shock absorber assembly to a Yamaha dealer for any service.

Luggage strap holders



There is a luggage strap holder on each passenger footrest.

Sidestand

The sidestand is located on the left side of the frame. Raise the sidestand or lower it with your foot while holding the vehicle upright.

TIP

The built-in sidestand switch is part of the ignition circuit cut-off system, which cuts the ignition in certain situations. (See the following section for an explanation of the ignition circuit cutoff system.)

EWA10242

EAU15306

MARNING

The vehicle must not be ridden with the sidestand down, or if the sidestand cannot be properly moved up (or does not stay up), otherwise the sidestand could contact the ground and distract the operator, resulting in a possible loss of control. Yamaha's ignition circuit cut-off system has been designed to assist the operator in fulfilling the responsibility of raising the sidestand before starting off. Therefore, check

this system regularly and have a Yamaha dealer repair it if it does not function properly.

nc palases

SO IS

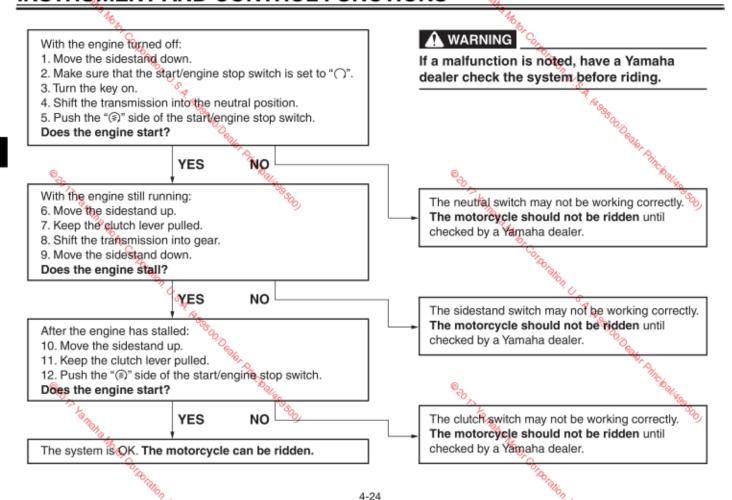
Ignition circuit cut-off system

The ignition circuit cut-off system (comprising the sidestand switch, clutch switch and neutral switch) has the following functions.

- It prevents starting when the transmission is in gear and the sidestand is up, but the clutch lever is not pulled.
- It prevents starting when the transmission is in gear and the clutch lever is pulled, but the sidestand is still down.
- It cuts the running engine whenouthe the transmission is in gear and the sidestand is moved down.

Periodically check the operation of the ignition circuit cut-off system according to the following procedure.

© 30 13 Yank



Auxiliary DC connector

EAU58262

EWA12532

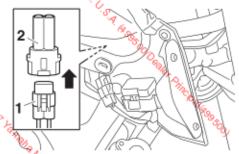
WARNING

To prevent electrical shock or shortcircuiting, make sure that the cap is installed when the auxiliary DC connector is not being used.

NOTICE

ECA20090

The accessory connected to the auxiliary DC connector should not be used with the engine turned off, and the load must never exceed 24 W (2 A), otherwise the fuse may blow or the battery may discharge.



- 1. Auxiliary DC connector
- 2. Auxiliary DC connector cap

A 12 V accessory connected to the auxiliary DC connector behind the right side panel can be used when the key is in the "ON" position. (See page 7-32.)

O 1. Yallan

anaha Motor Co

FOR YOUR SAFETY PRE-OPERATION CHECKS

EAU15598

Inspect your vehicle each time you use it to make sure the vehicle is in safe operating condition. Always follow the inspection and maintenance procedures and schedules described in the Owner's Manual.

EWA1115

M WARNING

Failure to inspect or maintain the vehicle properly increases the possibility of an accident or equipment damage. Do not operate the vehicle if you find any problem. If a problem cannot be corrected by the procedures provided in this manual, have the vehicle inspected by a Yamaha dealer.

Before using this vehicle, check the following points:

X ₀	- 10	-0_		
TEM	CHECKS TO CHECKS	PAGE		
Fuel	Check fuel level in fuel tank. Refuel if necessary. Check fuel line for leakage. Check fuel tank breather hose and overflow hose for obstructions, cracks or damage, and check hose connections.	4-15, 4-16 Ortology		
Engine oil	Check oil level in engine? If necessary, add recommended oil to specified level. Check vehicle for oil leakage?			
Coolant	Check coolant level in reservoir. If necessary, add recommended coolant to specified level. Check cooling system for leakage.	7-13		
Front brake	Check operation. If soft or spongy, have Yamaha dealer bleed bydraulic system. Check brake pads for wear. Replace if necessary. Check fluid level in reservoir. If necessary, add specified brake fluid to specified level. Check hydraulic system for leakage.	7-21, 7-22		

FOR YOUR SAFETY - PRE-OPERATION CHECKS

ITEM	CHECKS	PAGE
Rear brake	Check operation. If soft or spongy, have Yamaha dealer bleed hydraulic system. Check brake pads for wear. Replace if necessary. Check fluid level in reservoir. If necessary, add specified brake fluid to specified level. Check hydraulic system for leakage.	7-21, 7-22
Clutch Physiology	Check operation. Lubricate cable if necessary. Check lever free play. Adjust if necessary.	7-20 ©
Throttle grip	Make sure that operation is smooth. Check throttle grip free play. If necessary, have Yamaha dealer adjust throttle grip free play and lubricate cable and grip housing.	7-16, 7-26
Control cables	Make sure that operation is smooth. Lubricate if necessary.	7-26
Drive chain	Check chain slack. Adjust if necessary. Check chain condition. Lubricate if necessary.	7-24, 7-25
Wheels and tires	Check for damage. Check tire condition and tread depth. Check air pressure. Correct if necessary.	7-17, 7-19
Brake and shift pedals	Make sure that operation is smooth. Lubricate pedal pivoting points if necessary.	7-27
Brake and clutch levers	Make sure that operation is smooth. Lubricate lever pivoting points if necessary.	7-27
Sidestand	Make sure that operation is smooth. Lubricate pivot if necessary.	7-28

	*\text{\tint{\text{\tin}\text{\tint{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tint{\text{\tett{\tin}\text{\ti}\tint{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\ti}\tint{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\tint{\text{\texi}\tint{\text{\ti}\tint{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi\tin\tin\tin\tint{\ti}\tin\tin\tint{\text{\tin}\tint{\tin}\tint{\text{\texi}\text{\tic	
ITEM	PAGE	
Chassis fasteners	_	
Instruments, lights, signals and switches	Check operation. Correct if necessary.	_
Sidestand switch	Check operation of ignition circuit cut-off system.	4-22

b.

No Contract of the Contract of

O Take

OPERATION AND IMPORTANT RIDING POINTS

EAU48712

EAU15952

Read the Owner's Manual carefully to become familiar with all controls. If there is a control or function you do not understand, ask your Yamaha dealer.

WA10272

WARNING

Failure to familiarize yourself with the controls can lead to loss of control, which could cause an accident or injury. TIP

100

This model is equipped with:

- a lean angle sensor to stop the engine in case of a turnover. In this case, the display will indicate error code 30, but this is not a malfunction. Turn the key to "OFF" and then to "ON" to clear the error code. Failing to do so will prevent the engine from starting even though the engine will crank when pushing the start switch.
- an engine auto-stop system. The engine stops automatically if left idling for 20 minutes. If the engine stops, simply push the start switch to restart the engine.

EAU58331

Starting the engine

In order for the ignition circuit cut-off system to enable starting, one of the following conditions must be met:

- The transmission is in the neutral position.
- The transmission is in gear with the clutch lever pulled and the sidestand up.
 - See page 4-23 for more information.
- Turn the key to "ON" and make sure that the start/engine stop switch is set to "O".

The following warning lights should come on for a few seconds, then go off.

- Oil level warning light
- Coolant temperature warning light
- Engine trouble warning light

ECA15485

NOTICE

If a warning light does not come on initially when the key is turned to "ON", or if a warning light remains on, see page 4-2 for the corresponding warning light circuit check.

OPERATION AND IMPORTANT RIDING POINTS

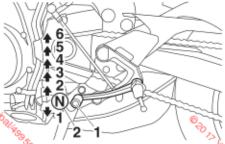
- Shift the transmission into the neutral position. The neutral indicator light should come on. If not, ask a Yamaha dealer to check the electrical circuit.
- Start the engine by pushing the side of the start engine stop switch.

If the engine fails to start, release the start/engine stop switch, wait a few seconds, and then try again. Each starting attempt should be as short as possible to preserve the battery. Do not crank the engine more than 10 seconds on any one attempt.

NOTICE

For maximum engine life, never accelerate hard when the engine is cold!

Shifting



- 1. Shift pedal
- 2. Neutral position

Shifting gears lets you control the amount of engine power available for starting off, accelerating, climbing hills, etc.

The gear positions are shown in the illustration.

TIP

ECA11043

To shift the transmission into the neutral position, press the shift pedal down repeatedly until it reaches the end of its travel, and then slightly raise it.

EAU18673 NOTICE

 Even with the transmission in the neutral position, do not coast for long periods of time with the engine off, and do not tow the motorcycle for long distances. The transmission is properly lubricated only when

the engine is running. Inade-

quate lubrication may damage

 Always use the clutch while changing gears to avoid damaging the engine, transmission, and drive train, which are not designed to withstand the shock of forced shifting.

EAU16682

ECA10261

To start out and accelerate

the transmission.

- Pull the clutch lever to disengage the clutch.
- Shift the transmission into first gear. The neutral indicator light should go out.
- Open the throttle gradually, and at the same time, release the clutch leyer slowly.

EAU58280

OPERATION AND IMPORTANT RIDING POINTS

- At the recommended shift points shown in the following table, close the throttle, and at the same time, quickly pull the clutch lever in.
- Shift the transmission into second gear. (Make sure not to shift the transmission into the neutral position.)
- Open the throttle part way and gradually release the clutch lever.
- Follow the same procedure when shifting to the next higher gear.

TIP

When shifting gears in normal operating conditions, use the recommended shift points.

To decelerate

 Release the throttle and apply both the front and the rear brakes smoothly to slow the motorcycle.

EAU58270

- At the recommended shift points shown in the following table, shift to a lower gear.
- When the motorcycle reaches 25 km/h (16 mi/h), the engine is about to stall or runs roughly, pull the

- clutch lever in, use the brakes to slow the motorcycle, and continue to downshift as necessary.
- Once the motorcycle has stopped, the transmission can be shifted into the neutral position. The neutral indicator light should come on and then the clutch lever can be released.

EWA17380

WARNING

- Improper braking can cause loss of control or traction. Always use both brakes and apply them smoothly.
- Make sure that the motorcycle and the engine have sufficiently slowed before shifting to a lower gear. Engaging a lower gear when the vehicle or engine speed is too high could make the rear wheel lose traction or the engine to over-rev. This could cause loss of control, an accident and injury. It could also cause engine or drive train damage.

Recommended shift points

The recommended shift points during acceleration and deceleration are shown in the table below.

Shift up points:

1st \rightarrow 2nd: 20 km/h (12 mi/h) 2nd \rightarrow 3rd: 30 km/h (19 mi/h)

3rd → 4th: 40 km/h (25 mi/h)

4th → 5th: 50 km/h (31 mi/h) 5th → 6th: 60 km/h (37 mi/h)

Shift down points:

6th \rightarrow 5th: 45 km/h (28 mi/h) 5th \rightarrow 4th: 35 km/h (22 mi/h) 4th \rightarrow 3rd: 25 km/h (16 mi/h)

Motor Corporation (

OPERATION AND IMPORTANT RIDING POINTS

EAU16842

Engine break-in

There is never a more important period in the life of your engine than the period between 0 and 1600 km (1000 mi). For this reason, you should read the following material carefully.

Since the engine is brand new, do not put an excessive load on it for the first 1600 km (1000 mi). The various parts in the engine wear and polish themselves to the correct operating clearances. During this period, prolonged full-throttle operation or any condition that might result in engine overheating must be avoided.

EAU17094

0-1000 km (0-600 mi)

Avoid prolonged operation above 5600 r/min. *NOTICE:* After 1000 km (600 mi) of operation, the engine oil must be changed and the oil filter cartridge or element replaced. [ECA10303]

1000–1600 km (600–1000 mi)

Avoid prolonged operation above 6800 r/min.

1600 km (1000 mi) and beyond

The vehicle can now be operated normally.

NOTICE

- Keep the engine speed out of the tachometer red zone.
- If any engine trouble should occur during the engine break-in period, immediately have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

Parking

ECA10311

When parking, stop the engine, and then remove the key from the main switch.

EWA10312

EAU17214

⚠ WARNING

- Since the engine and exhaust system can become very hot, park in a place where pedestrians or children are not likely to touch them and be burned.
- Do not park on a slope or on soft ground, otherwise the vehicle may overturn, increasing the risk of a fuel leak and fire.
- Do not park near grass or other flammable materials which might catch fire.

SO 12 Yang

EAU17245

WARNING

Turn off the engine when performing maintenance unless otherwise specified.

- A running engine has moving parts that can catch on body parts or clothing and electrical parts that can cause shocks or fires.
- Running the engine while servicing can lead to eye injury, burns, fire, or carbon monoxide poisoning possibly leading to death. See page 2-3 for more information about carbon monoxide.

EWA10322

♠ WARNING

be shortened.

Failure to properly maintain the vehicle or performing maintenance activities incorrectly may increase your risk of injury or death during service or while using the vehicle. If you are not familiar with vehicle service, have a Yamaha dealer perform service.

Periodic inspection, adjustment, and

lubrication will keep your vehicle in the

safest and most efficient condition

possible. Safety is an obligation of the

vehicle owner/operator. The most im-

portant points of vehicle inspection,

adjustment, and lubrication are ex-

The intervals given in the periodic

maintenance charts should be simply

considered as a general guide under

normal riding conditions. However, de-

pending on the weather, terrain, geo-

graphical location, and individual use,

the maintenance intervals may need to

plained on the following pages.

MARNING

Brake discs, calipers, drums, and linings can become very hot during use. To avoid possible burns, let brake components cool before touching them.

EWA15123

EWA15461

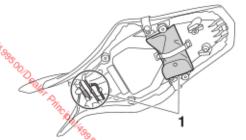
EAU17303

Emission controls not only function to ensure cleaner air, but are also vital to proper engine operation and maximum performance. In the following periodic maintenance charts, the services relat? ed to emissions control are grouped separately. These services require specialized data, knowledge, and equipment. Maintenance, replacement, or repair of the emission control devices and systems may be performed by any repair establishment or individual that is certified (if applicable). Yamaha dealers are trained and equipped to perform these particular services.

" Yamaha Mo

Owner's tool kit

EAU39692



1. Owner's tool kit

The owner's tool kit is located on the bottom of the seat. (See page 4-17.) The service information included in this manual and the tools provided in the owner's tool kit are intended to assist you in the performance of preventive maintenance and minor repairs. However, additional tools such as a torque wrench may be necessary to perform certain maintenance work correctly.

TIP_

If you do not have the tools or experience required for a particular job, have a Yamaha dealer perform it for you. © 30 12 Valuali

TRAILS MODE CO.

OR U.S.A

SS OOD Bealer

Tinchal Ass SOO

80 12 A

a maha Motor Co

@3012 to

Sa Maha Mobile

9/19/2

7

EAU4849

TIP

- From 24000 mi (37000 km) or 36 months, repeat the maintenance intervals starting from 8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months.
- Items marked with an asterisk require special tools, data and technical skills, have a Yamaha dealer perform the service.

Periodic maintenance chart for the emission control system

EAU17602

Γ			**************************************	INITIAL ODOMETER READINGS					
ا	lo.	ITEM	ROUTINE	600 mi (1000 km) or 1 month	4000 mi (7000 km) or 6 months	8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months	12000 mi (19000 km) or 18 months	16000 mi (25000 km) or 24 months	20000 mi (31000 km) or 30 months
1	O.C.	Fuel line	Check fuel hoses for cracks or damage. Replace if necessary.		V Talion	V.S. V	4	4	√
2	*	Spark plugs	Check condition. Adjust gap and clean. Replace every 8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months.		7	Replace.	√ √	Replace.	√
3	*	Valve clearance This	Check and adjust valve clearance when engine is cold.	Every 26600 mi (42000 km)					
4	*	Crankcase breath- er system	Check breather hose for cracks or damage. Replace if necessary.	RO12 Kamah	٧	٧	1 NO. 50.	٧	√
5	*	Fuel injection	Adjust synchronization.	1	16. V	√	√	√	√

Г		267	2	INITIAL ODOMETER READINGS					
No.		ITEM	ROUTINE ROUTINE	600 mi (1000 km) or 1 month	4000 mi (7000 km) or 6 months	8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months	12000 mi (19000 km) or 18 months	16000 mi (25000 km) or 24 months	20000 mi (31000 km) or 30 months
6		Evaporative emission control system (for California only)	Check control system for damage. Replace if necessary.				1	*Ses OUL	V
7	*	Air induction system	Check the air cut-off valve, reed valve, and hose for damage. Replace any damaged parts if necessary.			© 2011	1		* Pringballage

To 12 Yange to 12

anal Anal

Of Coftofallon, U

General maintenance and lubrication chart

EAU3218

Г			* Stallis	INITIAL		ODO	METER READ	INGS %	
N	о.	ITEM	ROUTINE	600 mi (1000 km) or 1 month	4000 mi (7000 km) or 6 months	8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months	12000 mi (19000 km) or 18 months	16000 mi (25000 km) or 24 months	20000 mi (31000 km) or 30 months
1	*	Air filter element	Replace.			Every 24000 i	mi (37000 km)		.0eg/
2	*	Clutch	Check operation. Adjust or replace cable.	√ •	4	٧.	√	4	√ ×
3		Front brake	Check operation, fluid level, and for fluid leakage. Replace brake pads if necessary.	W. Rose Stab J	٧	4	TO 12 Val Male	4	4
4	*	Rear brake	Check operation, fluid level, and for fluid leakage. Replace brake pads if necessary.	1	٧	٧	V 816	6 _{r Cort} √	4
5	*	Brake hoses	Check for cracks or damage. Check for correct routing and clamping.		4	4	4	Non U.S	7
			• Replace.			Every 4	4 years		18 D
6	*	Brake fluid	Replace.			Every 2	2 years		2000
7	•	Wheels	Check runout and for damage. Replace if necessary.		4	4	4	4	√ ⁶⁸ 867
8	*	Tires Solve	Check tread depth and for damage. Replace if necessary. Check air pressure. Correct if necessary.	Paliage Story	٧	7	anaha,	٧	V
9	*	Wheel bearings	Check bearings for smooth operation. Replace Inecessary.		4	4	1	or Corto	4

Γ			100p	INITIAL ODOMETER READINGS						
	No.	ITEM	ROUTINE	600 mi (1000 km) or 1 month	4000 mi (7000 km) or 6 months	8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months	12000 mi	16000 mi (25000 km) or 24 months	20000 mi (31000 km) or 30 months	
	0 -	Swingarm pivot	Check operation and for excessive play.	a	V	1	1	4	1 1/8/9	
ľ	0	bearings	Moderately repack with lithium- soap-based grease.	ealer An		Every 32000 i	mi (50000 km)			
8,1	1	Drive chain	Check chain slack, alignment and condition. Adjust and lubricate chain with a special O-ring chain lubricant thoroughty.	Every 500 mi (800 km) and after washing the motorcycle, riding in the rain or riding in wet areas					the rain or	
	2 -	Steering bearings	Check bearing assemblies for looseness.	V	V	1	1	V Or CO	4	
ľ	2	Steering bearings	Moderately repack with lithium- soap-based grease.			Every 12000 i	mi (19000 km)	Poration .		
1	3 -	Chassis fasteners	Check all chassis fitting and fasteners. Correct if necessary.		V	1	1	٧	1.8. A. B.	
1	4	Brake lever pivot shaft	Apply silicone grease lightly.	O _{RRAD}	V	1	1	4	4	
1	5	Brake pedal pivot shaft	Apply lithium-soap-based grease dightly.	Principal	V	1	√ ⊚_2	4	4	
b ₂ 1	6	Clutch lever pivot shaft	Apply lithium-soap-based grease lightly.	*89	\$00) V	1	1 012	ton V	4	
1	7	Shift pedal pivot shaft	Apply lithium-soap-based grease lightly.		V	1	1	aha Noto	٧	

_			16,						
			9	NITIAL		ODO	METER READ	INGS	
	No.	ITEM	ROUTINE	600 mi (1000 km) or 7 1 month	4000 mi (7000 km) or 6 months	8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months	12000 mi (19000 km) or 18 months	16000 mi (25000 km) or 24 months	20000 mi (31000 km) or 30 months
9 ₅	800	Sidestand pivot	Check operation. Apply lithium-soap-based grease lightly.		Region Dead	4	4	4	4
19	9 *	Sidestand switch	Check operation and replace if necessary.	V	√ ************************************	% √	4	4	√
2	0 *	Front fork	Check operation and for oil leakage. Replace if necessary.		7	align Stability	4	٧	Na AND OF
2	1 *	Shock absorber as- sembly	Check operation and for oil leak- age. Replace if necessary.	Ç _O _x	7	4	٧	٧	√ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √
2	2 -	Rear suspension link pivots	Check operation. Correct if necessary.	Poration		4		4	
2:	3	Engine oil	Change (warm engine before draining).	1 ,88	√×0	4	4	4	√
2	ه و	Engine oil filter car- tridge	Replace.	1	Stool De	4		4	
2	5 *	Cooling system	Check hoses for cracks or damage. Replace if necessary.		V 100	nchal V	٧	٧	√ ©
		To the second	Change coolant.			N. S.		√	12 L
2	6 *	Front and rear brake switches	Check operation.	1	4	100	4	4	V Maha
2	7 .	Control cables	Apply Yamaha cable lubricant or 6 other suitable cable lubricant thoroughly.	Corpora	٧	٧	٧	٧	V

Γ			To,	INITIAL	INITIAL ODOMETER READINGS						
,	lo.	ITEM	ROUTINE	600 mi (1000 km) or 1 month	4000 mi (7000 km) or 6 months	8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months	12000 mi (19000 km) or 18 months	16000 mi (25000 km) or 24 months	20000 mi (31000 km) or 30 months		
21	000	Throttle grip	Check operation. Check throttle grip free play, and adjust if necessary. Lubricate cable and grip housing.	,	Sest OOD Realer	1	1	4	4		
29		Lights, signals and switches	Check operation. Adjust headlight beam.	V	1 200	6a/ 1	1	4	_{©2} √		

EAU17651

TIP

- Air filter
 - This model's air filter is equipped with a disposable oil-coated paper element, which must not be cleaned with compressed air to avoid damaging it.
 - The air filter element needs to be replaced more frequently when riding in unusually wet or dusty areas.
- Hydraulic brake service
 - After disassembling the brake master cylinders and calipers, always change the fluid. Regularly check the brake fluid levels and fill the reservoirs as required.
 - Every two years replace the internal components of the brake master cylinders and calipers, and change the brake fluid.
 - Replace the brake hoses every four years and if cracked or damaged.

_

Reha Motor Co

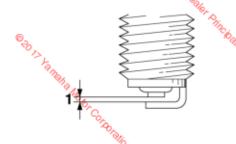
Checking the spark plugs

The spark plugs are important engine components, which should be checked periodically, preferably by a Yamaha dealer. Since heat and deposits will cause any spark plug to slowly erode, they should be removed and checked in accordance with the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. In addition, the condition of the spark plugs can reveal the condition of the engine.

The porcelain insulator around the center electrode of each spark plug should be a medium-to-light tan (the ideal color when the vehicle is ridden normally), and all spark plugs installed in the engine should have the same color. If any spark plug shows a distinctly different color, the engine could be operating improperly. Do not attempt to diagnose such problems yourself. Instead, have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

If a spark plug shows signs of electrode erosion and excessive carbon or other deposits, it should be replaced. Specified spark plug: NGK/CPR9EA9

Before installing a spark plug, the spark plug gap should be measured with a wire thickness gauge and, if necessary, adjusted to specification.



1. Spark plug gap

Spark plug gap: (0.031-0.0354n)

Clean the surface of the spark plug gasket and its mating surface, and then wipe off any grime from the spark plug threads.

Tightening torque: Spark plug:

13 Nm (1,3 m·kgf, 9.4 ft·lbf)

TIP

If a torque wrench is not available when installing a spark plug, a good estimate of the correct torque is 1/4–1/2 turn past finger tight. However, the spark plug should be tightened to the specified torque as soon as possible.

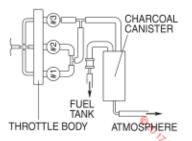
ECA10841

NOTICE

Do not use any tools to remove or install the spark plug cap, otherwise the ignition coil coupler may get damaged. The spark plug cap may be difficult to remove because the rubber seal on the end of the cap fits tightly. To remove the spark plug cap, simply twist it back and forth while pulling it out; to install it, twist it back and forth while pushing it in.

That a Mo to

Canister (for California only)



This model is equipped with a canister to prevent the discharging of fuel vapor into the atmosphere. Before operating this vehicle, make sure to check the following:

- Check each hose connection.
- Check each hose and canister for cracks or damage. Replace if damaged.
- Make sure that the canister breather is not blocked, and if necessary, clean it.

Engine oil and oil filter cartridge

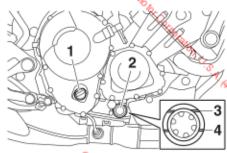
The engine oil level should be checked before each ride. In addition, the oil must be changed and the oil filter cartridge replaced at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

To check the engine oil level

- Place the vehicle on a level surface and hold it in an upright position. A slight tilt to the side can result in a false reading.
- 2. Start the engine, warm it up for several minutes, and then turn it off
- Wait a few minutes until the oil settles, and then check the oil level through the check window located at the bottom-right side of the crankcase.

TIP

The engine oil should be between the minimum and maximum level marks.

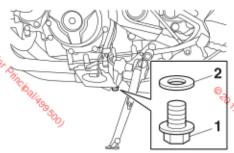


- 1. Engine oil filler cap
- Engine oil level check window
- Maximum level mark
- 4. Minimum level mark
 - If the engine oil is below the minimum level mark, add sufficient oil
 of the recommended type to raise
 it to the correct level.

To change the engine oil (with or without oil filter cartridge replacement)

- Place the vehicle on a level surface.
- Start the engine, warm it up for several minutes, and then turn it off.
- Place an oil pan under the engine to collect the used oil.

 Remove the engine oil filler cap, the engine oil drain bolt and its gasket to drain the oil from the crankcase.

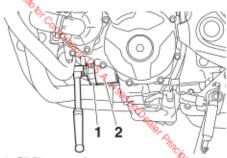


- 1. Engine oil drain bolt
- 2. Gasket

TIP.

Skip steps 5–7 if the oil filter cartridge is not being replaced.

Remove the oil filter cartridge with an oil filter wrench.

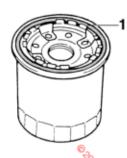


- 1. Oil filter wrench
- 2. Oil filter cartridge

TIP

An oil filter wrench is available at a Yamaha dealer.

 Apply athin coat of clean engine oil to the Oring of the new oil filter cartridge.



1. O-ring

TIP

Make sure that the O-ring is properly seated.

 Install the new oil filter cartridge with an oil filter wrench, and then tighten it to the specified torque with a torque wrench.

TO 12 Ya Maha Ma

Raha Mohr Corpor



1. Torque wrench

Tightening torque:

Oil filter cartridge: 17 Nm (1.7 m-kgf, 12 ft-lbf)

 Install the engine oil drain bolt and its new gasket, and then tighten the bolt to the specified torque.

Tightening torque:

Engine oil drain bolt: 43 Nm (4.3 m·kgf, 31 ft·lbf)

 Refill with the specified amount of the recommended engine oil, and then install and tighten the oil filler cap.

Recommended engine oil:

See page 9-1.

Oil quantity:

Without oil filter cartridge replacement:

2.40 L (2.54 US qt, 2.11 Imp.qt) With oil filter cartridge replacement: 2.70 L (2.85 US qt, 2.38 Imp.qt)

TIP

Be sure to wipe off spilled oil on any parts after the engine and exhaust system have cooled down.

ECA11621

NOTICE

- In order to prevent clutch slippage (since the engine oil also lubricates the clutch), do not mix any chemical additives. Do not use oils with a diesel specification of "CD" or oils of a higher quality than specified. In addition, do not use oils labeled "ENERGY CONSERVING II" or higher.
- Make sure that no foreign material enters the crankcase.

 Start the engine, and then let it idle for several minutes while checking it for oil leakage. If oil is leaking, immediately turn the engine off and check for the cause.

TIP

After the engine is started, the engine oil level warning light should go off if the oil level is sufficient.

NOTICE

If the oil level warning light flickers or remains on even if the oil level is correct, immediately turn the engine off and have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

 Turn the engine off, wait a few minutes until the off settles, and then check the oil level and correct it if necessary.

Corporation

Coolant

The coolant level should be checked before each ride. In addition, the coolant must be changed at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

EAU20095

EAU20071

To check the coolant level

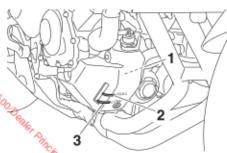
Place the vehicle on a level surface and hold it in an upright position.

TIP_

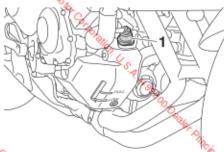
- The coolant level must be checked on a cold engine since the level varies with engine temperature.
- Make sure that the vehicle is positioned straight up when checking the coolant level. A slight tilt to the side can result in a false reading.
- Check the coolant level in the coolant reservoir.

TIP

The coolant should be between the minimum and maximum level marks.



- 1. Coolant reservoir
- 2. Maximum level mark
- Minimum level mark
 - If the coolant is at or below the minimum level mark, remove the reservoir cap. WARNING! Remove only the coolant reservoir cap. Never attempt to remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. [EWA15160]



- 👆 Coolant reservoir cap
- Add coolant to the maximum level mark, and then install the reservoir cap. NOTICE: If coolant is not available, use distilled water or soft tap water instead. Do not use hard water or salt water since it is harmful to the engine. If water has been used instead of coolant, replace it with coolant as soon as possible, otherwise the cooling system will not be protected against frost and corrosion. If water has been added to the coolant, have a Yamaha dealer check the antifreeze content of the coolant as

soon as possible, otherwise the effectiveness of the coolant will be reduced. (ECA10473)

Coolant reservoir capacity (up to the maximum level mark):

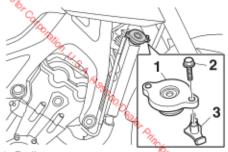
0.25 L (0.26 US qt, 0.22 Imp.qt)

EAU57962

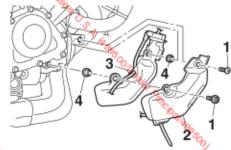
To change the coolant

- Place the vehicle on a level surface and let the engine cool if necessary.
- Place a container under the engine to collect the used coolant.
- Remove the radiator cap retaining bolt, radiator cap retainer and radiator cap. WARNING! Never attempt to remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.

[EWA10382]

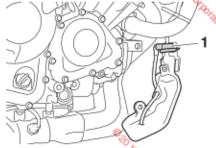


- 1. Radiator cap
- 2. Radiator cap retaining bolt
- Radiator cap retainer
 - Remove the coolant reservoir cover and coolant reservoir by removing the bolts and collars.



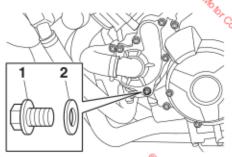
- 1. Bolt
- 2 Coolant reservoir cover
- 3. Coolant reservoir
- 4. Collan

Remove the coolant reservoir cap.



- 1. Coolant reservoir cap
 - Drain the coolant from the coolant reservoir by turning tupside down.
 - Install the coolant reservoir and its cover by placing them in the original position, and then installing the collars and bolts.
- Remove the coolant drain bolt and its gasket to drain the cooling system.

12 Xanaha Motor



- 1. Coolant drain bolt
- 2. Gasket
- After the coolant is completely drained, thoroughly flush the cooling system with clean tap water.
- Install the coolant drain bolt and its new gasket, and then tighten the bolt to the specified torque.

Tightening torque:

Coolant drain bolt: 10 Nm (1.0 m·kgf, 7.2 ft·lbf)

 Pour the specified amount of the recommended coolant into the radiator and reservoir.

Antifreeze/water mixture ratio:

1:1

Recommended antifreeze:

High-quality ethylene glycol antifreeze containing corrosion inhibitors for aluminum engines

Coolant quantity:

Radiator (including all routes):

1.93 L (2.04 US qt, 1.70 Imp.qt) Coolant reservoir (up to the maximum level mark);

0.25 L (0.26 US qt, 0.22 Imp.qt)

- Install the coolant reservoir cap.
- Install the radiator cap.
- Start the engine, let it idle for several minutes, and then turn it off.
- 15. Remove the radiator cap to check the coolant level in the radiator. If necessary, add sufficient coolant until t reaches the top of the radiator, and then install the radiator cap, radiator cap retainer and radiator cap retaining bolt.
- Check the coolant level in the reservoir. If necessary, remove the coolant reservoir cap, add coolant to the maximum level mark, and then install the cap.

 Start the engine, and then check the vehicle for coolant leakage. If coolant is leaking, have a Yamaha dealer check the cooling system.

Talla Ma bor Corpo

Xa Raha Maker Corkers

Air filter element

The air filter element must be replaced at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. Have a Yamaha dealer replace the air filter element.

EAU36765

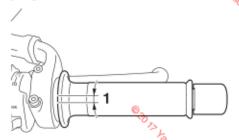
Checking the engine idling speed'

EAU44735

Check the engine idling speed and, if necessary, have it corrected by a Yamaha dealer.

Engine idling speed: 1100-1300 r/min

Checking the throttle grip free play



The throttle grip free play should measure 3.0-5.0 mm (0.12-0.20 in) at the inner edge of the throttle grip. Periodi-% cally check the throttle grip free play and, if necessary, have a Yamaha dealer adjust it.

1. Throttle grip free play

EAU2175A

EAU21402

Valve clearance

The valve clearance changes with use, resulting in improper air-fuel mixture and/or engine noise. To prevent this from occurring, the valve clearance must be adjusted by a Yamaha dealer at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

Tires

Tires are the only contact between the vehicle and the road. Safety in all conditions of riding depends on a relatively small area of road contact. Therefore, it is essential to maintain the tires in good condition at all times and replace them at the appropriate time with the specified tires.

Tire air pressure

The tire air pressure should be checked and, if necessary, adjusted before each ride.

EWA10504

WARNING

Operation of this vehicle with improper tire pressure may cause severe injury or death from loss of control.

- The tire air pressure must be checked and adjusted on cold tires (i.e., when the temperature of the tires equals the ambient temperature).
- The tire air pressure must be adjusted in accordance with the riding speed and with the total

weight of rider, passenger, cargo, and accessories approved for this model.

Tire air pressure (measured on cold tires):

Up to 90 kg (198 lb) load:

Front:

250 kPa (2.50 kgf/cm², 36 psi)

Rear:

290 kPa (2.90 kgf/cm², 42 psi)

90 kg (198 lb) to maximum load:

Front:

250 kPa (2.50 kgf/cm², 36 psi)

Rear:

290 kPa (2.90 kgf/cm², 42 psi)

High-speed riding:

Front:

250 kPa (2.50 kgf/cm2, 36 psi)

Rear:

290 kPa (2.90 kgf/cm², 42 psi)

Maximum load*:

FZ09F 177 kg (390 lb)

FZ09FC 176 kg (388 lb)

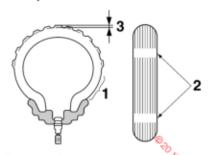
* Total weight of rider, passenger, cargo and accessories

EWA1051

MARNING

Never overload your vehicle. Operation of an overloaded vehicle could cause an accident.

Tire inspection



- Tire sidewall
- Tire wear indicator
- 3. Tire tread depth

Always check the tires before operating the motorcycle. If a tire tread shows crosswise lines (minimum tread depth), if the tire has a nail or glass fragments in it, or if the sidewall is cracked, contact a Yamaha dealer immediately and have the tire replaced.

Minimum tire tread depth (front and rear):

1.0 mm (0.04 in)

MARNING

- It is dangerous to ride with a worn-out tire. When a tire tread begins to show crosswise lines, have a Yamaha dealer replace the tire immediately.
- The replacement of all wheeland brake-related parts, including the tires, should be left to a Yamaha dealer, who has the necessary professional knowledge and experience to do so.
- Ride at moderate speeds after changing a tire since the tire surface must first be "broken in" for it to develop its optimal characteristics.

EWA10582 Tire information







- Tire air valve
- 2. Tire air valve core
- 3. Tire air valve cap with seal

This model is equipped with tubeless tires and tire air valves.

Tires age, even if they have not been used or have only been used occasionally. Cracking of the tread and sidewall rubber, sometimes accompanied by carcass deformation, is an evidence of ageing. Old and aged tires shall be checked by tire specialists to ascertain their suitability for further use.

EWA104R2

WARNING

 The front and rear tires should be of the same make and design, otherwise the handling

EWA10601

characteristics of the motorcycle may be different, which could lead to an accident.

- Always make sure that the valve caps are securely installed to prevent air pressure leakage.
- Use only the tire valves and valve cores listed below to avoid tire deflation during a high-speed ride.

After extensive tests, only the tires listed below have been approved for this model by Yamaha.

Front tire:

Size:

120/70 ZR17M/C (58W) Manufacturer/model: BRIDGESTONE/S20F DUNLOP/D214F

Rear tire:

Size:

180/55 ZR17M/C (73W) Manufacturer/model:

BRIDGESTONE/S20R
DUNLOP/D214

FRONT and REAR:

Tire air valve: TR412 Valve core: #9100 (original) **WARNING**

This motorcycle is fitted with superhigh-speed tires. Note the following points in order to make the most efficient use of these tires.

- Use only the specified replacement tires. Other tires may run the danger of bursting at super high speeds.
- Brand-new tires can have a relatively poor grip on certain road surfaces until they have been "broken in". Therefore, it is advisable before doing any high-speed riding to ride conservatively for approximately 100 km (60 mi) after installing a new tire.
- The tires must be warmed up before a high-speed run.
- Always adjust the tire air pressure according to the operating conditions.

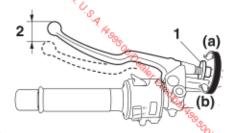
Cast wheels

To maximize the performance, durability, and safe operation of your vehicle, note the following points regarding the specified wheels.

- The wheel rims should be checked for cracks, bends, warpage or other damage before each ride. If any damage is found, have a Yamaha dealer replace the wheel. Do not attempt even the smallest repair to the wheel. A deformed or cracked wheel must be replaced.
- The wheel should be balanced whenever either the tire or wheel has been changed or replaced. An unbalanced wheel can result in poor performance, adverse handling characteristics, and a shortened tire life.

17 Samaha Mobi Co

Adjusting the clutch lever free play



- Clutch lever free play adjusting bolt
- 2. Clutch lever free play

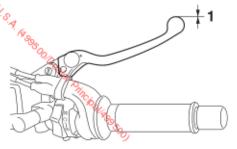
The clutch lever free play should measure 10.0-15.0 mm (0.39-0.59 in) as shown. Periodically check the clutch lever free play and, if necessary, adjust it as follows.

To increase the clutch lever free play, turn the clutch lever free play adjusting bolt in direction (a). To decrease the clutch lever free play, turn the adjusting bolt in direction (b).

TIP

If the specified free play cannot be obtained as described above or if the clutch does not operate correctly, have a Yamaha dealer check the internal clutch mechanism.

Checking the brake lever free play



1. No brake lever free play

There should be no free play at the brake lever end. If there is free play, have a Yamaha dealer inspect the brake system.

FWA14212

WARNING

A soft or spongy feeling in the brake lever can indicate the presence of air in the hydraulic system. If there is air in the hydraulic system, have a Yamaha dealer bleed the system before operating the vehicle. Air in the hydraulic system will diminish the

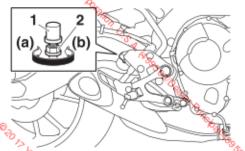
EAU36891

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

EAU22274

braking performance, which may result in loss of control and an accident.

Brake light switches



- 1. Rear brake light switch
- 2. Rear brake light switch adjusting nut

The brake light, which is activated by the brake pedal and brake lever, should come on just before braking takes effect. If necessary, adjust the rear brake light switch as follows, but the front brake light switch should be adjusted by a Yamaha dealer.

Turn the rear brake light switch adjusting nut while holding the rear brake light switch in place. To make the brake light come on earlier, turn the adjusting nut in direction (a). To make the brake light come on later, turn the adjusting nut in direction (b).

Checking the front and rear brake pads

The front and rear brake pads must be checked for wear at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

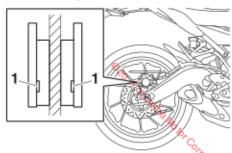


1. Brake pad wear indicator

Each front brake pad is provided with wear indicators, which allows you to check the brake pad wear without having to disassemble the brake. To check the brake pad wear, check the position of the wear indicators while applying the brake. If a brake pad has worn to the point that a wear indicator almost

touches the brake disc, have a Yamaha dealer replace the brake pads as a set.

Rear brake pads



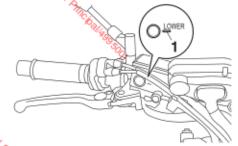
1. Brake pad wear indicator groove

Each rear brake pad is provided with wear indicator grooves, which allow you to check the brake pad wear without having to disassemble the brake. To check the brake pad wear, check the wear indicator grooves. If a brake pad has worn to the point that a wear indicator groove almost appears, have a Yamaha dealer replace the brake pads as a set.

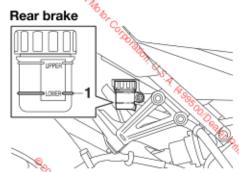
Checking the brake fluid level

Before riding, check that the brake fluid is above the minimum level mark. Check the brake fluid level with the top of the reservoir level. Replenish the brake fluid if necessary.

Front brake



. Minimum level mark



Minimum level mark

Specified brake fluid: DOT 4

EWA15991

⚠ WARNING

Improper maintenance can result in loss of braking ability? Observe these precautions:

- Insufficient brake fluid may allow air to enter the brake system, reducing braking performance.
- Clean the filler cap before removing. Use only DOT 4 brake fluid from a sealed container.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

- Use only the specified brake fluid; otherwise, the rubber seals may deteriorate, causing leakage.
- Refill with the same type of brake fluid. Adding a brake fluid other than DOT 4 may result in a harmful chemical reaction.
- Be careful that water does not enter the brake fluid reservoir when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in vapor lock.

ECA17641

NOTICE

Brake fluid may damage painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.

As the brake pads wear, it is normal for the brake fluid level to gradually go down. A low brake fluid level may indicate worn brake pads and/or brake system leakage; therefore, be sure to check the brake pads for wear and the brake system for leakage. If the brake

fluid level goes down suddenly, have a Yamaha dealer check the cause before further riding.

Changing the brake fluid

Have a Yamaha dealer change the brake fluid at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. In addition, have the oil seals of the master cylinders and calipers as well as the brake hoses replaced at the intervals listed below or whenever they are damaged or leaking.

- Oil seals: Replace every two years.
- Brake hoses: Replace every four years.

anahan

* No tor Corporation

Drive chain slack

The drive chain slack should be checked before each ride and adjusted if necessary.

EAU22775

EAU22762

To check the drive chain slack

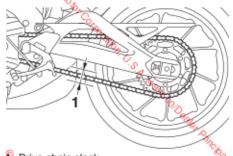
1. Place the motorcycle on the sidestand.

TIP

When checking and adjusting the drive chain slack, there should be no weight on the motorcycle.

- Shift the transmission into the neutral position.
- Measure the drive chain slack as shown.

5.0-15.0 mm (0.20-0.59 in)

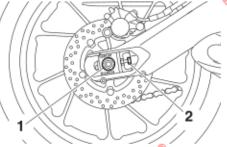


- PDrive chain slack
- 6 the drive chain slack is incorrect. adjust it as follows.

EAU57970 To adjust the drive chain slack

Consult a Yamaha dealer before adjusting the drive chain slack.

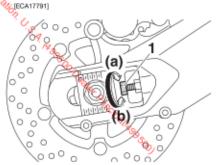
 Loosen the axle nut and the locknut on each side of the swingarm.



- 1. Axle nut
- Locknut
 - To tighten the drive chain, turn the drive chain slack adjusting bolt on each side of the swingarm in direction (a). To loosen the drive chain, turn the adjusting bolt on each side of the swingarm in direction (b), and then push the rear wheel forward. NOTICE: Improper drive chain slack will overload the engine as well as other vital parts of the motorcycle and can lead to chain slippage or breakage. If the drive chain slack is more than 25.0 mm (0.98 in), the chain can damage the frame, swingarm, and other parts. To prevent this from oc-

Drive chain slack:

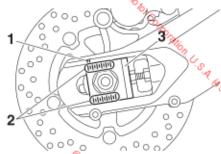
curring, keep the drive chain slack within the specified limits.



1. Drive chain slack adjusting bolt

CATILE.

Using the alignment marks and notch on each side of the swingarm, make sure that both drive chain pullers are in the same position for proper wheel alignment.



- 1. Notch
- Alignment marks
- Drive chain puller
- Tighten the axle nut, then the locknuts to their specified torques.

Tightening torques:

Axle nut:

150 Nm (15 m·kgf, 108 ft·lbf) Locknut:

16 Nm (1.6 m·kgf, 12 ft·lbf)

 Make sure that the drive chain pullers are in the same position, the drive chain slack is correct, and the drive chain moves smoothly.

Cleaning and lubricating the drive chain

The drive chain must be cleaned and lubricated at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart, otherwise it will quickly wear out, especially when riding in dusty or wet areas. Service the drive chain as follows.

ECA10584

NOTICE

The drive chain must be lubricated after washing the motorcycle, riding in the rain or riding in wet areas.

- Clean the drive chain with kerosene and a small soft brush.
 NOTICE: To prevent damaging the O-rings, do not clean the drive chain with steam cleaners, high-pressure washers or inappropriate solvents. [ECA11122]
- 2. Wipe the drive chain dry.
- Thoroughly lubricate the drive chain with a special O-ring chain lubricant. NOTICE: Do not use engine oil or any other lubricants for the drive chain, as they

may contain substances that could damage the O-rings.

[ECA11112]

anaha Me ter Cortoro

" U.S.A. M. S.S. CO.D. C. R. M. S. S. Co.D. C. R. M. S. S. Co.D. C. R. M. S. Co.D. C. R. M

Checking and lubricating the cables

The operation of all control cables and the condition of the cables should be checked before each ride, and the cables and cable ends should be lubricated if necessary. If a cable is damaged or does not move smoothly, have a Yamaha dealer check or replace it. WARNING! Damage to the outer housing of cables may result in internal rusting and cause interference with cable movement. Replace damaged cables as soon as possible to prevent unsafe conditions. [EWALTOT12]

Recommended lubricant:

Yamaha cable lubricant or other suitable cable lubricant

Checking and lubricating the throttle grip and cable

The operation of the throttle grip should be checked before each ride. In addition, the cable should be lubricated by a Yamaha dealer at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance chart.

The throttle cable is equipped with a rubber cover. Make sure that the cover is securely installed. Even though the cover is installed correctly, it does not completely protect the cable from water entry. Therefore, use care not to pour water directly onto the cover or cable when washing the vehicle. If the cable or cover becomes dirty, wipe clean with a moist cloth.

80 12 K

EALI23098

*Daliage

Tella Motor C

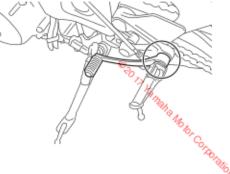
Checking and lubricating the brake and shift pedals

The operation of the brake and shift pedals should be checked before each ride, and the pedal pivots should be lubricated if necessary.

Brake pedal



Shift pedal

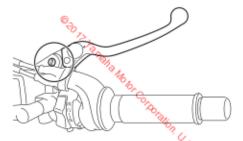


Recommended lubricant: Lithium-soap-based grease

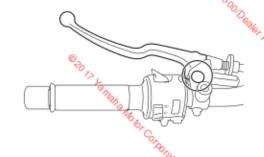
Checking and lubricating the brake and clutch levers

The operation of the brake and clutch levers should be checked before each ride, and the lever pivots should be lubricated if necessary.

Brake lever



Clutch lever

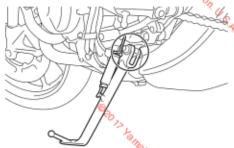


Silicone grease

Clutch lever:

Lithium-soap-based grease

EAU23203 Checking and lubricating the sidestand



The operation of the sidestand should be checked before each ride, and the sidestand pivot and metal-to-metal contact surfaces should be lubricated if necessary.

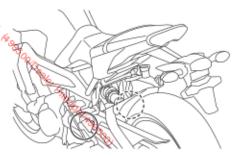
EWA10732 9

WARNING

If the sidestand does not move up and down smoothly, have a Yamaha dealer check or repair it. Otherwise, the sidestand contact the ground and distract the operator, resulting in a possible loss of control.

Recommended lubricant:

Lubricating the swingarm pivots



The swingarm pivots must be lubricated by a Yamaha dealer at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

Recommended lubricant:

Lithium-soap-based grease

Lithium-soap-based grease

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

Checking the front fork

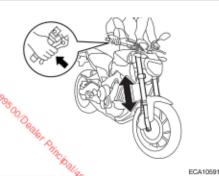
The condition and operation of the front fork must be checked as follows at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

To check the condition

Check the inner tubes for scratches, damage and excessive oil leakage.

To check the operation

- Place the vehicle on a level surface and hold it in an upright position. WARNING! To avoid injury, securely support the vehicle so there is no danger of it falling over. [EWA10752]
- While applying the front brake, push down hard on the handlebars several times to check if the front fork compresses and rebounds smoothly.



NOTICE

EAU23273

If any damage is found or the front fork does not operate smoothly, have a Yamaha dealer check or repair it. Checking the steering

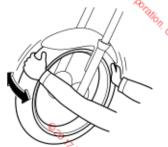
Worn or loose steering bearings may cause danger. Therefore, the operation of the steering must be checked as follows at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

- Place a stand under the engine to raise the front wheel off the ground. (See page 7-39 for more information.) WARNING! To avoid injury, securely support the vehicle so there is no danger of it falling over. [EWA10752]
- Hold the lower ends of the front fork legs and try to move them forward and backward. If any free play can be felt, have a Yamaha dealer check or repair the steering.

So 12 Yamahan

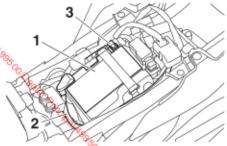
& Maker Corporation

Checking the wheel bearings



The front and rear wheel bearings must be checked at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. If there is play in the wheel hub or if the wheel does not turn smoothly, have a Yamaha dealer check the wheel bearings.

Battery



- 1. Battery
- 2. Positive battery lead (red)
- 3. Negative battery lead (black)

The battery is located under the seat. (See page 4-17.)

This model is equipped with a VRLA (Valve Regulated Lead Acid) battery. There is no need to check the electrolyte or to add distilled water. However, the battery lead connections need to be checked and, if necessary, tightened.

EWA10761

MARNING

 Electrolyte is poisonous and dangerous since it contains sulfuric acid, which causes severe

7.00

EAU50291

burns. Avoid any contact with skin, eyes or clothing and always shield your eyes when working near batteries. In case of contact, administer the following FIRST AID.

- EXTERNAL: Flush with plenty of water.
- INTERNAL: Drink large quantities of water or milk and immediately call a physician.
- EYES: Flush with water for 15 minutes and seek prompt medical attention.
- Batteries produce explosive hydrogen gas. Therefore, keep sparks, flames, cigarettes, etc., away from the battery and provide sufficient ventilation when charging it in an enclosed space.
- KEEP THIS AND ALL BATTER-IES OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN

To charge the battery

Have a Yamaha dealer charge the battery as soon as possible if it seems to have discharged. Keep in mind that the battery tends to discharge more quickly if the vehicle is equipped with optional electrical accessories.

ECA16522

NOTICE

To charge a VRLA (Valve Regulated Lead Acid) battery, a special (constant-voltage) battery charger is required Using a conventional battery charger will damage the battery.

To store the battery

- 1. If the vehicle will not be used for more than one month, remove the battery, fully charge it, and then place it in a cool, dry place. NOTICE: When removing the battery, be sure the key is turned to "OFF", then disconnect the negative lead before disconnecting the positive lead.
- If the battery will be stored for more than two months, check it at least once a month and fully charge it if necessary.
- Fully charge the battery before installation. NOTICE: When installing the battery, be sure the key

7-31

- is turned to "OFF", then connect the positive lead before connecting the negative lead. [ECA18841]
- After installation, make sure that the battery leads are properly connected to the battery terminals.

ECA16531

NOTICE

Always keep the battery charged. Storing a discharged battery can cause permanent battery damage.

© 30 12 Yana

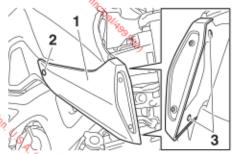
Famala Me to Co.

EAU57983

Replacing the fuses

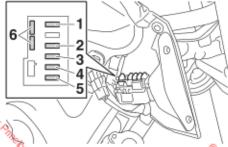
The fuse boxes and individual fuses are located under the seat (See page 4-17.) and behind the right side panel. To access fuse box 1, remove and install the right side panel as follows.

Remove the bolt and quick fasteners.



- Right side panel
- 2. Bolt
- 3. Quick fastener
- Pull the right side panel off as shown.

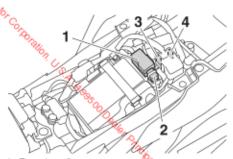




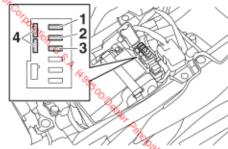
- 1. Ignition fuse
- 2. Parking lighting fuse
- Auxiliary fuse
- 4. Signaling system fuse
- 5. Headlight fuse
- 6. Spare fuse
- Place the panel in the original position.
- Install the bolt and quick fasteners.

To access fuse box 2, the main fuse, and the fuel injection system fuse, remove the seat. (See page 4-17.)

W. W.



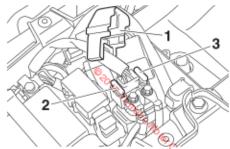
- 1. Fuse box 2
- 2. Main fuse
- 3. Fuel injection system fuse
- 4. Fuel injection system spare fuse



- 1. Radiator fan motor fuse
- 2. Backup fuse (for clock)
- 3. Electronic throttle valve fuse
- 4. Spare fuse

TIP

To access the fuel injection system fuse, remove the starter relay cover by pulling it upward.



- Starter relay cover
- Fuel injection system fuse
- 3. Fuel injection system spare fuse

If a fuse is blown, replace it as follows?

- Turn the key to "OFF" and turn off the electrical circuit in question.
- Remove the blown fuse, and then install a new fuse of the specified amperage. WARNING! Do not use a fuse of a higher amperage rating than recommended to avoid causing extensive damage to the electrical system and possibly a fire. [EWALDIAN]

Specified fuses:

Main fuse:

50.0 A

Auxiliary fuse:

2.0 A

Headlight fuse:

15.0 A Signaling system fuse:

7.5 A

Ignition fuse:

15.0 A

Parking lighting fuse:

10.0 A

Radiator fan motor fuse:

15.0 A

Fuel injection system fuse:

10.0 A

Backup fuse:

7.5 A

Electronic throttle valve fuse:

7.5 A

- Turn the key to "ON" and turn on the electrical circuit in question to check if the device operates.
- If the fuse immediately blows again, have a Yamaha dealer check the electrical system.

Replacing the headlight bulb

This model is equipped with a halogen bulb headlight. If the headlight bulb burns out, replace it as follows.

ECA10651



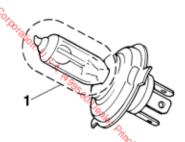
Take care not to damage the following parts:

Headlight bulb

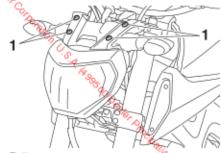
Do not touch the glass part of the headlight bulb to keep it free from oil, otherwise the transparency of the glass, the luminosity of the bulb, and the bulb life will be adversely affected. Thoroughly clean off any dirt and fingerprints on the headlight bulb using a cloth moistened with alcohol or thinner.

Headlight lens
 Do not affix any type of tinted film or stickers to the headlight lens.

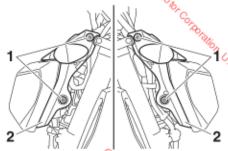
Do not use a headlight bulb of a wattage higher than specified.



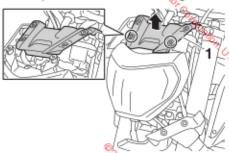
- 1. Do not touch the glass part of the bulb.
- Remove the headlight unit side covers by removing the bolts on each side.



Bolt

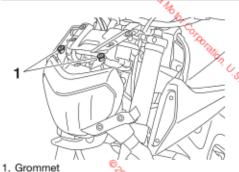


- 1. Bolt
- 2. Headlight unit side cover
- Pull up the headlight unit cover to separate it from the headlight unit.



- Headlight unit cover
- Remove the grommets.

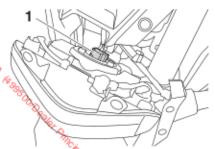
MotorCo



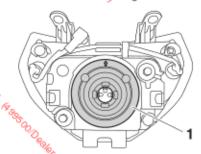
Disconnect the auxiliary light coupler.



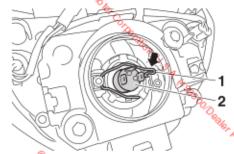
- Auxiliary light couplet
- Disconnect the headlight coupler, and then remove the headlight unit from the vehicle.



- 1. Headlight coupler
- 6. Remove the headlight bulb cover.

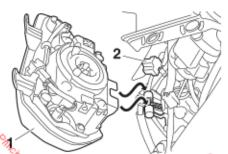


- Headlight bulb cover
 - Unhook the headlight bulb holder, then remove the burnt-out bulb.



- Headlight bulb holder
- 2. Headlight bulb
 - Place a new headlight bulb into position, then secure it with the bulb holder.
 - Install the headlight bulb cover.
- Install the headlight unit as shown, and then connect the headlight coupler.

17 Samaha Motor



- 1. Headlight unit
- 2. Headlight coupler
- 11. Connect the auxiliary light coupler.
- 12. Align the holes in the headlight unit with the holes in the headlight unit cover.
- 13. Install the grommets.
- 14. Place the headlight unit side covers in their original position, and then install the bolts.
- Have a Yamaha dealer adjust the headlight beam if necessary.

Replacing an auxiliary light bulb

This model is equipped with two auxiliary lights. If an auxiliary light bulb burns out, replace it as follows.

1. Remove the headlight unit side covers by removing the bolts on each side.



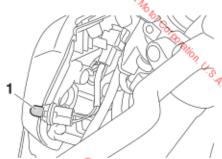
1. Bolt



- 1. Bolt
- 2. Headlight unit side cover
 - 2. Remove the auxiliary light bulb socket (together with the bulb) by turning it counterclockwise.



- 1. Auxiliary light bulb socket
- 3. Remove the burnt-out bulb pulling it out.



- 1. Auxiliary light bulb
- Insert a new bulb into the socket.
- Install the socket (together with the bulb) by turning it clockwise.
- Place the headlight unit side covers in their original position, and then install the bolts.

Tail/brake light

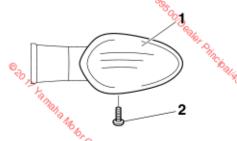
This model is equipped with an LEDtype tail/brake light.

If the tail/brake light does not come on, have a Yamaha dealer check it.

EAU24182

Replacing aturn signal light bulb

 Remove the turn signal light unit by removing the screw.



- 1. Turn signal light unit
- 2. Screw
 - Remove the turn signal light bulb socket (together with the bulb) by turning it counterclockwise.

O Raber Principal Assessor

ED 12 Yanaha Ma



- Turn signal light bulb socket
 - Remove the burnt-out bulb by pulling it out.

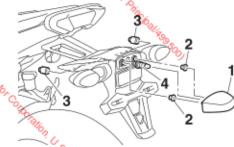


- Turn signal light bulb
 - 4. Insert a new bulb into the socket.
 - Install the socket (together with the bulb) by turning it clockwise.

 Install the turn signal light unit by installing the screw. NOTICE: Do not overtighten the screw, otherwise the lens may break.

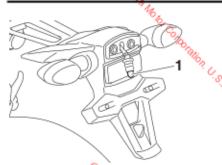
Replacing the license plate

 Remove the license plate light unit by removing the nuts and collars, and then remove the license plate light bulb socket (together with the bulb) by pulling it out.



- 1. License plate light unit
- 2. Collar
- 3. Nut
- 4. License plate light bulb socket
 - Remove the burnt-out bulb by pulling it out.

alla Me



- 1. License plate light bulb
- Insert a new bulb into the socket.
- Install the socket (together with the bulb) by pushing it in, and then install the license plate light unit by installing the collars and nuts.

Supporting the motorcycle

Since this model is not equipped with a centerstand, follow these precautions when removing the front and rear wheel or performing other maintenance requiring the motorcycle to stand upright. Check that the motorcycle is in a stable and level position before starting any maintenance. A strong wooden box can be placed under the engine for added stability.

To service the front wheel

- Stabilize the rear of the motorcycle by using a motorcycle stand or, if an additional motorcycle stand is not available, by placing a jack under the frame in front of the rear wheel.
- Raise the front wheel off the ground by using a motorcycle stand.

To service the rear wheel

Raise the rear wheel off the ground by using a motorcycle stand or, if a motorcycle stand is not available, by placing a jack either under each side of the frame in front of the rear wheel or under each side of the swingarm.

A Rahaha Make

To ballage,

Front wheel

EAU24361

EAU56390

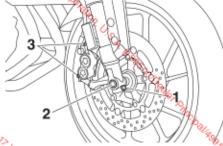
To remove the front wheel

EWA10822



To avoid injury, securely support the vehicle so there is no danger of it falling over.

 Loosen the front wheel axle pinch bolt, then the wheel axle and the brake caliper bolts.



- 15Front wheel axle pinch bolt
- Wheel axle
- Brake caliper bolt

 Lift the front wheel off the ground according to the procedure in the previous section "Supporting the motorcycle".

Remove the brake caliper (together with the reflector) on each side by removing the bolts. NOTICE:
 Do not apply the brake after the brake calipers have been removed, otherwise the brake pads will be forced shut. [ECA11052]



- 1. Brake caliper bolt
- 2. Brake caliper
- Reflector
- Pull the wheel axle out, and then remove the wheel.

To install the front wheel

- Lift the wheel up between the fork legs.
- 2. Insert the wheel axle.
- Install the brake caliper (together with the reflector) on each side by installing the bolts.

TIP.

Make sure that there is enough space between the brake pads before installing the brake calipers onto the brake discs.

- Lower the front wheel so that it is on the ground, and then put the sidestand down.
- Tighten the wheel axle, the front wheel axle pinch bolt and the brake caliper bolts to the specified torques.

Tightening torques:

Wheel axle:

65 Nm (6.5 m*kgf, 47 ft·lbf) Front wheel axle pinch bolt:

23 Nm (2.3 m·kgf, 17 ft·lbf) Brake caliper bolt:

35 Nm (3.5 m·kgf, 25 ft·lbf)

Push down hard on the handlebar. several times to check for proper fork operation.

Rear wheel

EAU25081

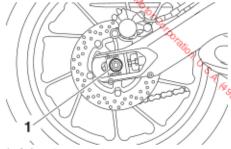
To remove the rear wheel

EWA1082

WARNING

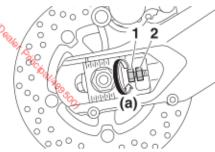
To avoid injury, securely support the vehicle so there is no danger of it falling over.

Loosen the axle nut.



- 1. Axle nut
 - 2. Lift the rear wheel off the ground according to the procedure on page 7-39.
 - Remove the axle nut.

- Fully loosen the locknut on each side of the swingarm.
- 5. Turn the drive chain slack adjusting bolts fully in direction (a) and push the wheel forward.

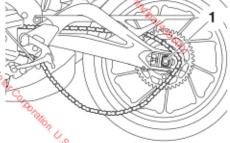


- 1. Drive chain slack adjusting bolt
- 2. Locknut
 - 6. Remove the drive chain from the rear sprocket.

TIP

- If the drive chain is difficult to remove, remove the wheel axle first, and then lift the wheel upward enough to remove the drive chain from the rear sprocket.
- The drive chain cannot be disassembled.

7. While supporting the brake caliper bracket, pull the wheel axle out, and then remove the wheel. NOTICE: Do not apply the brake after the wheel and brake disc have been removed, otherwise the brake pads will be forced shut. [ECA11073]



1. Wheel axle

To install the rear wheel

 Install the wheel and the brake caliper bracket by inserting the wheel axle from the left-hand side.

TIP

 Make sure that the slot in the brake caliper bracket is fit over the retainer on the swingarm. Make sure that there's enough space between the brake pads before installing the wheel.



- 1. Slot
- 2. Retainer
 - Install the drive chain onto the rear sprocket.
 - Install the axle nut.
 - Lower the rear wheel so that it is on the ground, and then put the sidestand down.
- Adjust the drive chain slack. (See page 7-24.)
- Tighten the axle nut, and then tighten the locknuts to the specified torques.

Tightening torques:

Axle nut:

150 Nm (15 m·kgf, 108 ft·lbf) Locknut:

16 Nm (1.6 m·kgf, 12 ft·lbf)

Wer Princhall

Troubleshooting

Although Yamaha motorcycles receive a thorough inspection before shipment from the factory, trouble may occur during operation. Any problem in the fuel, compression, or ignition systems, for example, can cause poor starting and loss of power.

The following troubleshooting charts represent quick and easy procedures for checking these vital systems yourself. However, should your motorcycle require any repair, take it to a Yamaha dealer, whose skilled technicians have the necessary tools, experience, and know-how to service the motorcycle properly.

Use only genuine Yamaha replace² ment parts. Imitation parts may look like Yamaha parts, but they are often inferior, have a shorter service life and can lead to expensive repair bills.

EWA15142

EAU25872

⚠ WARNING

When checking the fuel system, do not smoke, and make sure there are no open flames or sparks in the area, including pilot lights from water heaters or furnaces. Gasoline or gasoline vapors can ignite or explode, causing severe injury or property damage.

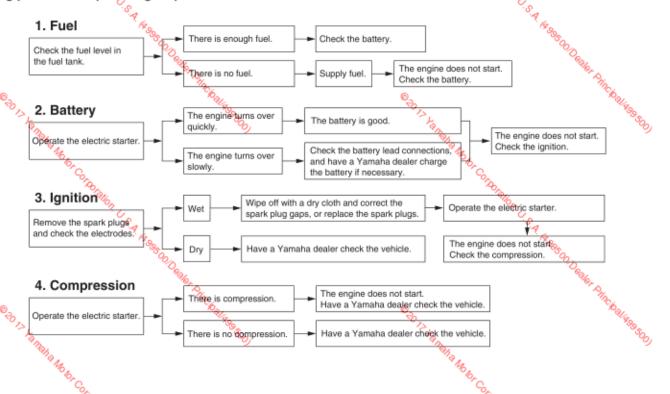
Relia Mo tor Cortoral

Plant Salla

No 12 Ya Maha Ma

Of Dolation U

Starting problems or poor engine performance



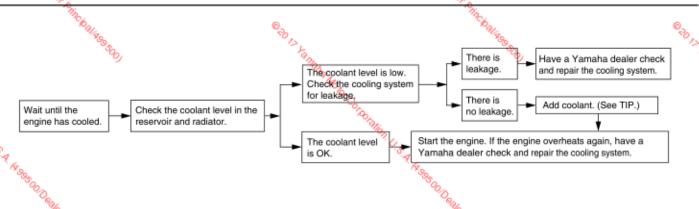
1

Engine overheating

EWA10401

№ WARNING

- Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine and radiator are hot. Scalding hot fluid and steam may be blown out under pressure, which could cause serious injury. Be sure to wait until the engine has cooled.
- After removing the radiator cap retaining bolt, place a thick rag, like a towel, over the radiator cap, and then slowly rotate the cap counterclockwise to the detent to allow any residual pressure to escape. When the hissing sound has stopped, press down on the cap while turning it counterclockwise, and then remove the cap.



TIP

If coolant is not available, tap water can be temporarily used instead, provided that it is changed to the recommended coolant as soon as possible.

Matte color caution

EAU37834 ECA15193

NOTICE

Some models are equipped with matte colored finished parts. Be sure to consult a Yamaha dealer for advice on what products to use before cleaning the vehicle. Using a brush, harsh chemical products or cleaning compounds when cleaning these parts will scratch or damage their surface. Wax also should not be applied to any matte colored finished parts.

Care

While the open design of a motorcycle reveals the attractiveness of the technology, it also makes it more vulnerable. Rust and corrosion can develop even if high-quality components are used. A rusty exhaust pipe may go unnoticed on a car, however, it detracts from the overall appearance of a motorcycle. Frequent and proper care does not only comply with the terms of the warranty, but it will also keep your motorcycle looking good, extend its life and optimize its performance.

Before cleaning

- Cover the muffler outlet with a plastic bag after the engine has cooled down.
- Make sure that all caps and covers as well as all electrical couplers and connectors, including the spark plug caps, are tightly installed.
- Remove extremely stubborn dirt, like oil burnt onto the crankcase, with a degreasing agent and a brush, but never apply such prod-

ucts onto seals, gaskets, sprockets, the drive chain and wheel axles. Always rinse the dirt and degreaser off with water.

Cleaning

EAU26015

ECA10773

NOTICE

- Avoid using strong acidic wheel cleaners, especially on spoked wheels. If such products are used on hard-to-remove dirt, do not leave the cleaner on the affected area any longer than instructed. Also, thoroughly rinse the area off with water, immediately dry it, and then apply a corrosion protection spray.
- Improper cleaning can damage plastic parts (such as cowlings, panels, windshields, headlight lenses, meter denses, etc.) and the mufflers. Use only a soft, clean cloth or sponge with water to clean plastic. However, if the plastic parts cannot be thoroughly cleaned with water, diluted mild detergent with water may be used. Be sure to rinse

- off any detergent residue using plenty of water, as it is harmful to plastic parts.
- Do not use any harsh chemical products on plastic parts. Be sure to avoid using cloths or sponges which have been in contact with strong or abrasive cleaning products, solvent or thinner, fuel (gasoline), rust removers or inhibitors, brake fluid, antifreeze or electrolyte.
- Do not use high-pressure washers or steam-jet cleaners since they cause water seepage and deterioration in the following areas: seals (of wheel and swingarm bearings, fork and brakes), electric components (couplers, connectors, instruments, switches and lights), breather hoses and vents.
- For motorcycles equipped with a windshield: Do not use strong cleaners or hard sponges as they will cause dulling or scratching. Some cleaning compounds for plastic may leave scratches on the wind-

shield. Test the product on a small hidden part of the wind-shield to make sure that it does not leave any marks. If the wind-shield is scratched, use a quality plastic polishing compound after washing.

After normal use

Remove dirt with warm water, a mild detergent, and a soft, clean sponge, and then rinse thoroughly with clean water. Use a toothbrush or bottlebrush for hard-to-reach areas. Stubborn dirt and insects will come off more easily if the area is covered with a wet cloth for a few minutes before cleaning.

After riding in the rain, near the sea or on salt-sprayed roads

Since sea salt or salt sprayed on roads during winter are extremely corrosive in combination with water carry out the following steps after each ride in the rain, near the sea or on salt-sprayed roads.

TIP

Salt sprayed on roads in the winter may remain well into spring.

- Clean the motorcycle with cold water and a mild detergent, after the engine has cooled down. NOTICE: Do not use warm water since it increases the corrosive action of the salt. [ECALOTSE]
- Apply a corrosion protection spray on all metal, including chromeand nickel-plated, surfaces to prevent corrosion.

After cleaning

- Dry the motorcycle with a chamois or an absorbing cloth.
- Immediately dry the drive chain and lubricate it to prevent it from rusting.
- Use a chrome polish to shine chrome, aluminum and stainlesssteel parts, including the exhaust system. (Even the thermally induced discoloring of stainlesssteel exhaust systems can be removed through polishing.)

- To prevent corrosion, it is recommended to apply a corrosion protection spray on all metal, including chrome- and nickel-plated, surfaces.
- Use spray oil as a universal cleaner to remove any remaining dirt.
- Touch up minor paint damage caused by stones, etc.
- Wax all painted surfaces.
- Let the motorcycle dry completely before storing or covering it.

EWA11132

⚠ WARNING

Contaminants on the brakes or tires can cause loss of control.

- Make sure that there is no oil or wax on the brakes or tires.
- If necessary, clean the brake discs and brake linings with a regular brake disc cleaner or acetone, and wash the tires with warm water and a mild detergent. Before riding at higher speeds, test the motorcycle's braking performance and cornering behavior.

NOTICE

 Apply spray oil and wax sparingly and make sure to wipe off any excess.

- Never apply oil or wax to any rubber and plastic parts, but treat them with a suitable care product.
- Avoid using abrasive polishing compounds as they will wear away the paint.

TIP

- Consult a Yamaha dealer for advice on what products to use.
- Washing, rainy weather or humid climates can cause the headlight lens to fog. Turning the headlight on for a short period of time will help remove the moisture from the lens.

Storage

Short-term

Always store your motorcycle in a cool, dry place and, if necessary, protect it against dust with a porous cover. Be sure the engine and the exhaust system are cool before covering the motorcycle.

ECA10811

EAU26183

NOTICE

- Storing the motorcycle in a poorly ventilated room or covering it with a tarp, while it is still wet, will allow water and humidity to seep in and cause rust.
- To prevent corrosion, avoid damp cellars, stables (because of the presence of ammonia) and areas where strong chemicals are stored.

Long-term

Before storing your motorcycle for several months:

 Follow all the instructions in the "Care" section of this chapter.

- Fill up the fuel tank and add fuel stabilizer (if available) to prevent the fuel tank from rusting and the fuel from deteriorating.
- Perform the following steps to protect the cylinders, piston rings, etc. from corrosion.
 - Remove the spark plug caps and spark plugs.
 - b. Pour a teaspoonful of engine
 oil into each spark plug bore.
 - c. Install the spark plug caps onto the spark plugs, and then place the spark plugs on the cylinder head so that the electrodes are grounded. (This will limit sparking during the next step.)
 - d. Turn the engine over several times with the starter. (This will coat the cylinder walls with oil.)

 WARNING! To prevent damage or injury from sparking, make sure to ground the spark plug electrodes while turning the engine over.

[EWA10952]

- from the spark plug caps from the spark plugs, and then install the spark plugs and the spark plug caps.
- Lubricate all control cables and the pivoting points of all levers and pedals as well as of the sidestand/centerstand.
- Check and, if necessary, correct the tire air pressure, and then lift the motorcycle so that both of its wheels are off the ground. Alternatively, turn the wheels a little every month in order to prevent the tires from becoming degraded in one spot
- Cover the muffler outlet with a plastic bag to prevent moisture from entering it.
- Remove the battery and fully charge it. Store it in a cool, dry place and charge it once a month. Do not store the battery in an excessively cold or warm place [less than 0 °C (30 °F) or more than 30 °C (90 °F)]. For more information on storing the battery, see page 7-30.

TIP

Make any necessary repairs before storing the motorcycle.

NO 17 Sa Maha Mobor Corporate

Raha Motor Co

SPECIFICATIONS

Dimensions: Overall length: 2075 mm (81.7 in) Overall width: 815 mm (32.1 in) Overall height: 1135 mm (44.7 in) Seat height: 815 mm (32.1 in) Wheelbase: 1440 mm (56.7 in) Ground clearance: 135 mm (5.31 in) Minimum turning radius: 3037 mm (119.6 in) Weight: Curb weight: FZ09F 188 kg (414 lb) FZ09FC 189 kg (417 lb) Engine: Engine type: Liquid cooled 4-stroke, DOHC Cylinder arrangement: Inline 3-cylinder Displacement: 4847 cm³ Bore x stroke: 78.0 × 59.1 mm (3.07 × 2.33 in) Compression ratio: 11.5:1 Starting system: Electric starter Lubrication system:

Wet sump

```
Engine oil
  Recommended brand:
     YAMALUBE
  Type:
     SAE 10W-30, 10W-40, 10W-50, 15W-40,
     20W-40 or 20W-50
                  50 70 90 10 130 F
            SAE 10W-30
                SAE 10W-40
                 SAE 10W-50
                  SAE 15W-40
                    SAE 20W-40
                     SAE 20W-50
      -20 -30 0
                  10 20 30 40 50 °C
  Recommended engine oil grade:
     API service SG type or higher, JASO
     standard MA
  Engine oil quantity:
     Without oil filter cartridge replacement:
        2.40 L (2.54 US qt, 2.16 Imp.qt)
     With oil filter cartridge replacement:
        2.70 L (2.85 US qt, 2.38 Imp qt)
Coolant quantity:
  Coolant reservoir (up to the maximum level
  mark):
     0.25 L (0.26 US qt, 0.22 Imp.qt)
  Radiator (including all routes):
     1.93 L (2.04 US at, 1.70 Imp.at)
Air filter: 6
  Air filter element:
     Oil-coated paper element
```

```
Fuel:
  Recommended fuel:
     Premium unleaded gasoline (Gasohol (E10)
     acceptable)
  Fuel tank capacity:
     14.0 L (3.70 US gal, 3.08 Imp.gal)
  Fuel reserve amount:
     2.8 L (0.74 US gal, 0.62 Imp.gal)
Fuel injection:
  Throttle body:
     ID mark:
       FZ09F 1RC1 00
        FZ09FC 1RC5 10
Spark pluq(s):
  Manufacturer/model:
     NGK/CPR9EA9
  Spark plug gap:
     0.8-0.9 mm (0.031-0.035 in)
Clutch:
  Clutch type:
     Wet, multiple-disc
Transmission:
  Primary reduction ratio:
     1.681 (79/47)
  Final drive:
     Chain
  Secondary reduction ratio:
     2.813 (45/16)
  Transmission type:
     Constant mesh 6-speed
  Operation:
```

Left foot operation

SPECIFICATIONS

1/2		1/4	
Gear ratio:	Manufacturer/model: BRIDGESTONE/S20R Manufacturer/model: DUNLOP/D214 Loading: Maximum load: FZ09F 177 kg (390 lb) FZ09FC 176 kg (388 lb) (Total weight of rider, passenger, cargo	Rim size:	
1st:	BRIDGESTONE/S20R	17M/G x MT3.50	
2.667 (40/15)	Manufacturer/model:	Rear wheel	
2nd:	DUNLOP/D214	Wheel type: 0	
2.000 (38/19)	Loading:	Cast wheel	
3rd:	Maximum load:	Rim size:	
1.619 (34/21)	7% FZ09F 177 kg (390 lb)	17M/C x MT5.50 17%	
4th:	FZ09FC 176 kg (388 lb)	Front brake: O Type: Dual disc brake Operation: Right hand operation Specified brake fluid:	
1.381 (29/21)	(Total weight of rider, passenger, cargo	Type:	
5th:	and accessories)	Dual disc brake	
1.190 (25/21)	Tire air pressure (measured on cold	Operation:	
6th: 👩	tires):	Right hand operation	
1.037 (28/27)	Loading condition:	Specified brake fluid:	
Chassis:	0-90 kg (0-198 lb)	DOT 4	
Frame type:		Rear brake:	
Diamond 4	Front:	Type;	
Caster angle:	Rear:	Single disc brake	
25.00°	290 kPa (2.90 kgf/cm², 42 psi)	Operation:	
Trail:	Loading condition:	Right foot operation	
103 mm (4.1 in)	FZ09F 90–177 kg (198–390 lb)	Specified brake fluid:	
Front tire:	FZ09FC 90-176 kg (198-388 lb)	DOT 4	
Type:	Front:	Front suspension:	
Tubeless	250 kPa (2.50 kgf/cm², 36 psi)	Type:	
Size:	Rear:	Telescopic fork	
120/70 ZR17M/C (58W)	290 kPa (2.90 kgf/cm², 42 psi)	Spring/shock absorber type.%	
Manufacturer/model:	High-speed riding:		
BRIDGESTONE/S20F	Front:	Coil spring/oil damper Wheel travel: 137 mm (5.4 in)	
Manufacturer/model:	250 kPa (2.50 kgf/cm², 36 psi)	🐪 137 mm (5.4 in)	
DUNLOP/D214F	Rear	Rear suspension:	
Rear tire:	290 kPa (2.90 kgf/cm², 42 psi)	No. Type:	
Type: 🤲	Front wheel:	Swingarm (link suspension)	
Tubeless %	Wheel type:	Spring/shock absorber type:	
Size:	Cast wheel	Coil spring/gas-oil damper	
180/55 ZR17M/C (73W)		9/2	

SPECIFICATIONS

Wheel travel: 130 mm (5.1 in) Electrical system: Ignition system: TCI Charging system: AC magneto Battery: Model: YTZ10S Voltage, capacity: 12 V, 8.6 Ab Headlight: Bulb type: Halogen bulb Bulb voltage, wattage x quantity: Headlight: 12 V, 60.0 W/55.0 W x 1 Tail/brake light: LED Front turn signal/position light: 12 V, 21.0 W/5.0 W × 2 Rear turn signal light: 12 V, 21.0 W × 2 Auxiliary light: 12 V, 5.0 W × 2 License plate light: 12 V, 5.0 W 1 Meter lighting: LED Neutral indicator light LED High beam indicator light: LED

Oil level warning light: LED Turn signal indicator light: LED Coolant temperature warning light: LED Engine trouble warning light: LED Fuses: Main fuse: 50.0 A Auxilian fuse: 2.0 A Headlight fuse: 15.0 A Signaling system fuse: 7.5 A lanition fuse: 15.0 A Parking lighting fuse: 10.0 A Radiator fan motor fuse: 15.0 A Fuel injection system fuse: 10.0 A Backup fuse: 7.5 A Electronic throttle valve fuse: 7.5 A

Identification numbers

Record the vehicle identification number, engine serial number, model label information, and the key identification number in the spaces provided below. These identification numbers are needed when registering the vehicle with the authorities in your area and when ordering spare parts from a Yamaha dealer.

EAU26357

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:



ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER:



MODEL LABEL INFORMATION?



KEY IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:



Vehicle identification number



1. Vehicle identification number

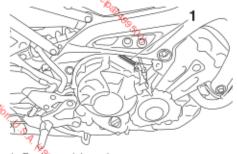
The vehicle identification number is stamped into the steering head pipe. Record this number in the space provided.

TIP

EAU26401

The vehicle identification number is used to identify your motorcycle and may be used to register your motorcycle with the licensing authority in your area.

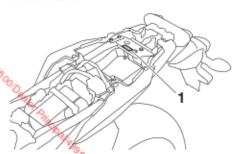
Engine serial number



Engine serial number

The engine serial number is stamped into the crankcase.

Model label



Model label

The model label is affixed to the frame under the seat. (See page 4-17.) Record the information on this label in the space provided. This information will be needed when ordering spare parts from a Yamaha dealer.

Key identification number

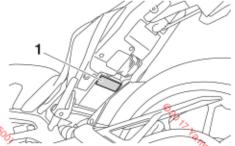


1. Key identification number

The key identification number is stamped into the key tag. Record this number in the space provided and use it for reference when ordering a new key.

EAU26382

Vehicle Emission Control Information label



1. Vehicle Emission Control Information label

The Vehicle Emission Control Information label is affixed at the location in the illustration. This label shows specifications related to exhaust emissions as required by federal law, state law and Environment Canada.

10

a Raha Me bor Con

CONSUMER INFORMATION

Reporting safety defects

If you believe that your vehicle has a defect which could cause a crash or could cause injury or death, you should immediately inform the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) in addition to notifying Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A. If NHTSA receives similar complaints, it may open an investigation, and if it finds that a safety defect exists in a group of vehicles, it may order a recall and remedy campaign. However, NHTSA cannot become involved in individual problems between you, your dealer, or Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A.

To contact NHTSA, you may call the Vehicle Safety Hotline toll-free at 1-888-327-4236 (TTY: 1-800-424-9153); go to http://www.safercar.gov; or write to: Administrator, NHTSA, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE, West Building, Washington, DC 20590. You can also obtain other information about motor vehicle safety from http://www.safercar.gov.

© do 17 kamaha 1

Motorcycle noise regulation

TAMPERING WITH NOISE CONTROL SYSTEM PROHIBITED:

Federal law prohibits the following acts or the causing thereof: (1) The removal or rendering inoperative by any person other than for purposes of maintenance, repair, or replacement of any device or element of design incorporated into any new vehicle for the purpose of noise control prior to its sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser or while it is in use or (2) the use of the vehicle after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative by any person.

"AMONG THOSE ACTS PRESUMED TO CONSTITUTE TAMPERING ARE THE ACTS LISTED BELOW".

These acts include tampering with the following systems; i.e., modification, removal, etc.

Exhaust system

- Muffler
- Exhaust pipe
- Silencer

Intake system

- Air cleaner case
- Air cleaner element
- Intake duct

12 xanaha

Corporation U.S.A.

10

*anaha Mobo

Totalion U

CONSUMER INFORMATION

Maintenance record

Copies of work orders and/or receipts for parts purchased and installed on your vehicle will be required to document that maintenance has been completed in accordance with the emissions warranty. The chart below is printed only as a reminder that maintenance work is required. It is not acceptable proof of maintenance work.

Maintenance interval	Date of service	Mileage	Servicing dealer name and address	Remarks
600 mi (1000 km) or 1 month			ealer Aline	
4000 mi (7000 km) or 6 months	ð,	So 12 Far	Naligo Stori	
8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months		Talla Make		
12000 mi (19000 km) or 18 months			Coldadio	
16000 mi (25000 km) or 24 months			*U.S.A.M.	
20000 mi (31000 km) or 30 months			*On Deale	
24000 mi % (37000 km) or 36 months		© 30,	Pinchalae	
28000 mi (43000 km) or 42 months	8)	Z Xa Maha Mo	[®] Sho _j	
32000 mi (49000 km) or 48 months		TO 61	COIM	

CONSUMER INFORMATION

	Maintenance interval	Date of service	Mileage	Servicing dealer name and address	Remarks
	36000 mi (55000 km) or 54 months		*alion U.S.		
96	40000 mi (61000 km) or 60 months			* Ragion	

The ball Res &

12 xamaha Moh

" A Son COLDER

30 12 Yanaha

ncpalige Son

® Portan

Ĭ

CONSUMER INFORMATION

YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A. 2015 AND LATER MODEL STREET & DUAL-PURPOSE MOTORCYCLE LIMITED WARRANTY

Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A. hereby warrants that each new Yamaha motorcycle purchased from an authorized Yamaha motorcycle dealer in the continental United States will be free from defects in material and workmanship for the period of time stated herein, subject to certain stated limitations.

THE PERIOD OF WARRANTY for Yamaha motorcycles originally equipped with headlight, stoplight, and turn signals shall be one (1) year from the date of purchase, with no mileage limitation, except to the battery, which is warranted for thirty (30) days from the date of purchase.

MODELS EXCLUDED FROM WARRANTY include those used for non-Yamaha-authorized renting, leasing, or other commercial purposes.

DURING THE PERIOD OF WARRANTY any authorized Yamaha motorcycle dealer will, free of charge, repair or replace, at Yamaha's option, any part adjudged defective by Yamaha due to faulty workmanship or material from the factory. Parts used in warranty repairs will be warranted for the balance of the product's warranty period. All parts replaced under warranty become the property of Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A.

GENERAL EXCLUSIONS from this warranty shall include any failures caused by:

- a. Competition or racing use.
- Installation of parts or accessories that are not qualitatively equivalent to genuine Yamaha parts.
- Abnormal strain, neglect, or abuse.
- d. Lack of proper maintenance and off-season storage as described in the Owner's Manual.
- e. Accident or collision damage.
- Modification to original parts.
- g. Damage due to improper transportation

SPECIFIC EXCLUSIONS from this warrants shall include parts replaced due to normal wear or routine maintenance.

THE CUSTOMER'S RESPONSIBILITY under this warranty, shall be to:

- Operate and maintain the motorcycle as specified in the appropriate Owner's Manual, and
- Give notice to an authorized Yamaha motorcycle dealer of any and all apparent defects within ten (10) days after discovery, and make the machine available at that time for inspection and repairs at such dealer's place of business.

WARRANTY TRANSFER: To transfer the warranty from the original purchaser to any subsequent purchaser, it is imperative that the machine be inspected and registered for warranty by an authorized Yamana motorcycle dealer. In order for this warranty to remain in effect, this inspection and registration must take place within ten (10) days after transfer. A reasonable dealer-imposed fee may be charged for the inspection.

EMISSIONS CONTROL SYSTEM WARRANTY

Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A. also warrants to the ultimate purchaser and each subsequent purchaser of each Yamaha motorcycle covered by this warranty with a displacement of 50cc or greater, that the vehicle is designed; built, and equipped so as to conform at the time of sale with all U.S. emissions standards applicable at the time of amanufacture and that it is free from defects in materials and workmanship which would cause it not to meet these standards within the periods listed immediately below. Failures other than those resulting from defects in material or workmanship which arise solely as a result of owner abuse and/or lack of proper maintenance are not covered by this warranty.

ENGINE DISPLACEMENT

50cc to 169cc 12,000 km (7,465 miles) or five years, whichever occurs first

170cc to 279cc 18,000 km (11,185 miles)

or five years, whichever occurs first

280cc or over 30,000 km (18,641 miles) or five years, whichever occurs first

YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A. MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE WHICH EXCEED THE OBLIGATIONS AND TIME LIMITS STATED IN THIS WARRANTY ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED BY YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A. AND EXCLUDED FROM THIS WARRANTY.

SOME STATES DO NOT ALLOW LIMITATIONS ON HOW LONG AN IMPLIED WARRANTY LASTS, SO THE ABOVE LIMITATIONS MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU, ALSO EXCLUDED FROM THIS WARRANTY ARE ANY INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES INCLUDING LOSS OF USE. SOME STATES DO NOT ALLOW THE EXCLUSION OR LIMITATION OF INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, SO THE ABOVE EXCLUSION MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU.

THIS WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS, AND YOU MAY ALSO HAVE OTHER RIGHTS WHICH VARY FROM STATE TO STATE.

> YAMAHA,MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A. P.O. Box 6555 Cypress, California 90630

> > No tor Cortoral

CONSUMER INFORMATION

WARRANTY QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

- Q. What costs are my responsibility during the warranty period?
- A. The customer's responsibility includes all costs of normal maintenance services, non-warranty repairs, accident and collision damages, and oil, oil filters, air filters, spark plugs, and brake shoes.
- Q. What are some examples of "abnormal" strain, neglect, or abuse?
- A. These terms are general and overlap each other in areas. Specific examples include: Running the machine out of oil, sustained high rpm, full-throttle, operating the machine with a broken or damaged part which datages another part to fail, damage or failure due to improper or careless transportation and/or tie-down. If you have any specific questions on operation or maintenance, please contact your dealer for advice.
- Does the warranty cover incidental costs such as towing or transportation due to a failure?
- A. No. The warranty is limited to repair of the machine itself.
- Q. May I perform any or all of the recommended maintenance shown in the Owner's Manual instead of having the dealer do them?
- A. Yes, if you are a qualified nechanic and follow the procedures specified in the Owner's and Service Manual We do recommend, however, that items requiring special tools or equipment be done by a Yamaha motorcycle dealer.
- Q. Will the warranty be void or cancelled if I do not operate or maintain my new motorcycle exactly as specified in the Owner's Manual?
- A. No. The warranty on a new motorcycle cannot be "voided" or "cancelled." However, if a particular failure is caused by operation or maintenance other than as described in the Owner's Manual, that failure may not be covered under warranty.
- Q. What responsibility does my dealer have under this warranty?
- A. Each Yamaha motorcycle dealer is expected to:
 - Completely set up every new machine before sale.
 - Explain the operation, maintenance, and warranty requirements to your satisfaction at the time of sale, and upon your request at any later date.
 - Each Yamaha motorcycle dealer is held responsible for his settip, service and warranty repair work.
- Q. Is the warranty transferable to second owners?
- A. Yes. The remainder of the existing warranty can be transferred upon request. The unit has to be inspected and re-registered by an authorized Yamaha motorcycle dealer for the policy to remain effective.

CUSTOMER SERVICE

If your machine requires warranty service, you must take it to any authorized Yamaha motorcycle dealer within the continental United States. Be sure to bring your warranty registration card or other valid proof of the original date of purchase. If a question or problem arises regarding the warranty, first contact the owner of the dealership. Since all warranty matters are handled at the dealer level, this person is in the best position to help you. IF you are still not satisfied and require additional assistance, please write to:

YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A. CUSTOMER RELATIONS DEPARTMENT P.O. Box 6555 Cypress, California 90630

When contacting Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A., don't forget to include any important information such as names, addresses, model, V.I.N. (frame number), dates, and receipts.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

The federal government requires each manufacturer of a motor vehicle to maintain a complete, up-to-date list of all first purchasers against the possibility of a safety related defect and recall. This list is complete from the purchase registrations sent to Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A. by the selling dealer at the time of your purchase.

If you should move after you have purchased you new motorcycle, please advise us of your new address by sending a postcard listing your motorcycle model name, V.I.N. (frame number), dealer number (or dealer's name) as it is shown on your warranty card, your name and new mailing address. Mail to:

YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A.
P.O. Box 6555
Cypress, California 90630
Attention: Warranty Department

This will ensure that Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A. has an up-to-date agistration record in accordance with federal law.

CONSUMER INFORMATION

YAMAHA EXTENDED SERVICE (Y.E.S.)

Keep your Yamaha protected even after your warranty expires with genuine Yamaha Extended Service (Y.E.S.).

- Y.E.S. is designed and administered by Yamaha Motor Corporation to provide maximum owner satisfaction. You get uninterrupted factory-backed coverage for extra peace of mind.
- Y.E.S. is flexible. You choose the plan that's right for you: 12 months, 24 months, 36 months or, on certain models, even 48 months beyond your warranty period.
- Y.E.S. is designed and administered by the same Yamaha people who handle your warranty – and it shows in the comprehensive coverage benefits. There are no mileage limitations. Coverage isn't limited to "moving parts" or the "drive train" like many other plans. And Y.E.S. covers manufacturing defects just like the warranty. See the sample contract at your Yamaha dealer to see how comforting uninterrupted factorybacked protection can be.
- You don't have to pay anything for covered repairs.
 There's no deductible to pay, and repairs aren't "pro-rated." You don't have any "out-of-pocket" expenses for covered repairs.

- In addition Travel and Recreation Interruption Protection (TRIP) is included at no extra cost. TRIP gives you up to \$250 reimbursement per occurrence for any reasonable expenses you incur because your Yamaha needs covered service: replacement vehicle rental, emergency towing, phone calls, every food and lodging when you are away from home. This superb coverage goes into effect when you purchase Y.E.S., so it applies to any warranty repairs as well as covered repairs during your entire Y.E.S. plan period.
- Y.E.S. coverage is honored at any authorized Yamaha dealer nationwide.
- Y.E.S. coverage is transferable to a new owner if you self or trade-in. That can make your Yamaha much more valuable!

This excellent Y.E.S. plan coverage is only available to Yamaha owners like you, and only while your Yamaha is still within the Yamaha Limited Warranty period. So visit your authorized Yamaha dealer to get all the facts. He can show you how easy it is to protect your investment with Yamaha Extended Service.

a maha Makar Corp

We urge you to act now. You'll get the excellent benefits of TRIP coverage right away, and you'll rest easy knowing you'll have strong factory-backed protection even after your Yamaha Limited Warranty expires.

A special note:

If visiting your dealer isn't convenient, contact Yamaha with your Primary ID number (your frame number). We'll be happy to help you get the Y.E.S. coverage you need.

Yamaha Service Marketing P.O. Box 6555 Cypress, CA 90630 1-(866)-YES-EXTD (1-866-937-3983)







YAMAHA **EXTENDED SERVICE**

INDEX

1/2	
A Air filter element	
Air filter element	7-16
Auxiliary DC connector	4-25
Auxiliary light bulb, replacing	7-36
В	10
Battery	7-30
Brake and clutch levers, checking and	
lubricating	7-27
Brake and shift pedals, checking and	
lubricating	7-27
Brake fluid, changing	
Brake fluid level, checking	
Brake lever	
Brake lever free play, checking	
Brake light switches	
Brake pedal4	4-14
C O	
Cables, checking and lubricating	7-26
Canister (for California only)	7-10
Care	797
Catalytic converter	
Clutch lever	
Clutch lever free play, adjusting	7-20
Coolant	7-13
Coolant temperature warning light	4-3
D	
Dimmer switch	4-12
D-mode (drive mode)	
Drive chain, cleaning and lubricating.	7-25
Drive chain slack	7-24
Drive chain slack	
Engine break-in	6-4
Engine idling speed, checkingQ,	
Engine oil and oil filter cartridge	
	200

Engine serial number 10-	1
Engine trouble warning light 4-	
F	
Front and rear brake pads, checking 7-2	1
Front fork, adjusting 4-1	
Front fork, checking 7-2	
Fuel 4-1	5
Fuel tank breather hose and overflow	
hose 4-1	6
Fuel tank cap 4-1	4
Fuses, replacing 7-3	2
H May	
Handlebar switches 4-1	1
Hazard switch 4-1	2
Headlight bulb, replacing 7-3	4
High beam indicator light 4-	
Horn switch 4-1	
l	
Identification numbers 10-	1
Ignition circuit cut-off system 4-2	3
Indicator lights and warning lights 4-	2
K	
Key identification number 10-	2
LOD TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO	
Labels, location1-	1
License plate light bulb, replacing 7-3	8
Luggage strap holders 4-2	
M W	
Main switch/steering lock 4-	1
Maintenance and lubrication, periodic 7-	
Maintenance, emission control	
system 7-	3
Maintenance record 10-	
Matte color, caution 8-	1

12	
Model label	10-2
Multi-function meter unit	4-4
N Or	
Neutral indicator light Noise regulation Oil level warning light	4-2
Noise regulation	10-4
o	
Oil level warning light	4-2
0,	
Parking	6-4
Part locations	3-1
Pass switch	
್ದ	
Safety defects, reporting	10-3
Safety information	
Seat	
Shifting	
Shift pedal	
Shock absorber assembly, adjusting	
Sidestand	
Sidestand, checking and lubricating	
Spark plugs, checking	
Specifications	
Start/Engine stop switch	
Starting the engine	6-1
Steering, checking	27-29
Storage	8-3
Storage compartment	4-18
Supporting the motorcycle	7-39
Swingarm pivots, lubricating	7-28
ang.	
Tail/brake light	7-37
Throttle grip and cable, checking and	
lubricatingQ	
V _A	

ROLL KARRE

Tires7-17
Tool kit7-2
Troubleshooting7-43
Troubleshooting charts7-44
Turn signal indicator light4-2
Turn signal light bulb, replacing7-37
v ************************************
Valve clearance7-17
Vehicle Emission Control Information
label10-2
Vehicle identification number 10-1
W
V Valve clearance
Warranty limited 10.7
Wheel begings theoling 7.20
Wheel (frent) 7-30
Wheel (root) 7-40
Wheel (rear)
wneels/-19
30
.0%
· Front
300
OD.

Ang.
© 700
₹%.
Vehicle identification number
ans.
<i>™</i> ₈ ,

** Ale to Co To Parion U.S. A. R. Ses Co Dealer Prince Balances So.) © 30 17 Ya Raha Mobor Cordonation U.S.A. Ra Sessoo Dealer Principal Resident

© 20 17 Xa maha Makor Corporation U.S.

- Wassin

© 20 17 Xa maha Makor Corporation U.S.

11

For your best ownership experience, think Genuine Yamaha!

Genuine Yamaha Parts – Genuine Yamaha replacement parts are the exact same parts as the ones originally equipped on your vehicle, providing you with the performance and durability you have come to expect. Why settle for aftermarket parts that may not provide full confidence and satisfaction?

Genuine Yamaha Accessories – Yamaha only offers accessories that meet our high standards for quality and performance. Buy with confidence, knowing your Genuine Yamaha Accessories will fit right and perform right – right out of the box.

Yamalube – Take care of your Yamaha with legendary Yamalube oils, lubricants, and care products. They re formulated and approved by the toughest judges we know: the Yamaha engineering teams that know your Yamaha from the inside out.

Genuine Yamaha Service Manuals – Get the same factory manual for your vehicle that the technicians at your authorized Yamaha dealer use. Service manuals are available through your Yamaha dealer or you can order them directly through yamahapubs.com (for US consumers only).

Genuine Yamaha products are available only from your Yamaha dealer.

Find out more at:

For US consumers, please visit yamaha-motor.com
For Canadian consumers, please visit yamaha-motor.ca

@RO IN LON

anahana kat Corto

** Research Report Cortobolists U.S. A. Research Director (U.S. A. Research



2014.07-1.0×1 CR (E)